

DESIGN TRAFFIC
TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

### FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

District 5

Financial Project IDs: 240200-2

Roadway ID: 77320000

# SR429/SR46

WEKIVA PARKWAY SECTION 7A

TEGIN PROJECT SECTION 7.

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September 2013

### **CERTIFICATION**

BY

### FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - DISTRICT FIVE

Financial Project ID: 240200-2

"I have reviewed the Traffic Forecasting Procedure adopted by the Florida Departme	ent
of Transportation and have arrived at the projected design traffic volumes. I have fou	ınc
these to be consistent with the historical data and other available information."	

Terry Rains
Project Manager – Design Traffic Florida Department of Transportation
·
Date

### CERTIFICATION

BY

### **GMB ENGINEERS & PLANNERS, INC.**

Financial Project ID: 240200-2

I, Jorge E. Tolosa, Florida P.E. Number 67397, have prepared and reviewed the Design Traffic for the above referenced Florida Department of Transportation project. I have specifically followed the "Design Traffic Procedure" as adopted by the Florida Department of Transportation. Based on traffic count information, general data sources, and other pertinent information, the Design Traffic has been prepared using current traffic engineering, transportation planning, and Florida Department of Transportation practices and procedures.



### **Final**

# SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway — Section 7A) Design Traffic Technical Memorandum

For 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway – Section 7A) Final Engineering Design Study
From East of Wekiva River Road to Orange Boulevard Seminole County, FL.

Financial Project ID: 240200-2

Roadway ID: 77320000

Prepared by:

**GMB Engineers & Planners, Inc.** 

Orlando, Florida

Prepared for:

Florida Department of Transportation

**District Five - Deland** 



September 2013

### Executive Summary

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) District Five is conducting a Final Engineering Design Study to evaluate the future capacity for the new roadway construction of the SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway — Section 7A / Roadway ID: 77320000) from east of Wekiva River Road to Orange Boulevard in Seminole County, Florida. GMB's role is to perform the Design Traffic Analysis to determine the impacts and assess the need for future capacity improvements on the SR 429/SR 46 New Roadway Corridor.

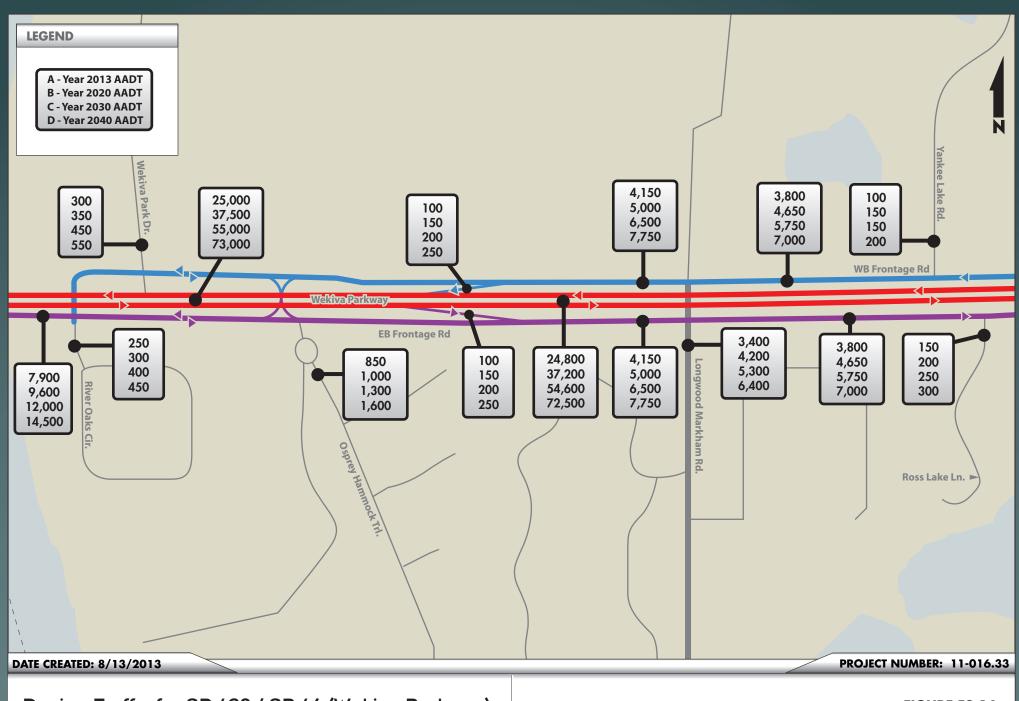
The traffic data that was collected for the year 2013 and existing conditions were evaluated to determine arterial and intersection levels of service (a.m. and p.m. peak hours) for the year 2013. During the year 2013 a.m. and p.m. peak hour conditions, the following intersections along the project corridor were found to operate at a LOS worse than their adopted LOS standard:

- SR 46 at Wekiva Park Drive (stop controlled during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours)
- SR 46 at Yankee Lake Road (stop controlled during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours)
- SR 46 at Bella Foresta Place (stop controlled during the a.m. peak hour)
- SR 46 at Glade View Road (stop controlled during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours)
- SR 46 at Twelve Oaks Place (stop controlled during the p.m. peak hour)
- SR 46 at Orange Avenue (stop controlled during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours)
- SR 46 at Wayside Drive (stop controlled during the p.m. peak hour)
- SR 46 at Center Road (stop controlled during the p.m. peak hour)

In addition, SR 46 corridor from east of Wekiva River Road to Orange Boulevard currently operates under unacceptable level of service conditions during the existing a.m. peak and p.m. peak hour conditions.

Chapter: Executive Summary SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM Financial Project ID: 240200-2

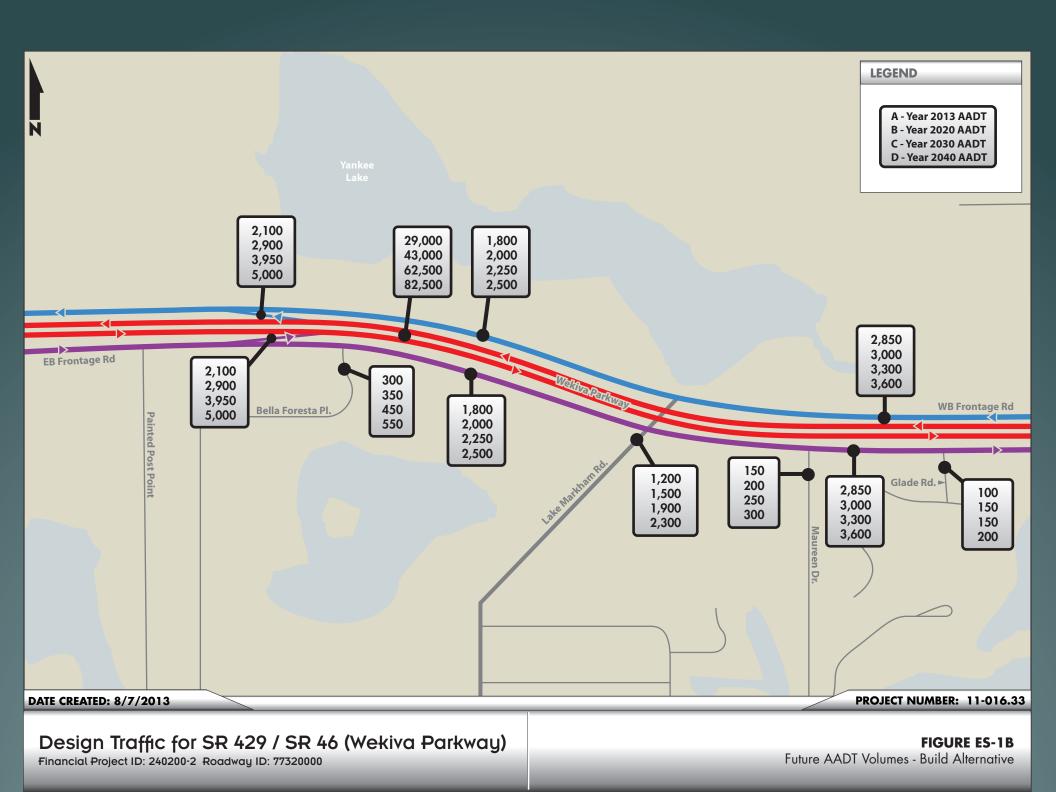
Based on the comparison of the methodologies examined, we recommend the use of the year 2040 future traffic projections obtained from the CFRPM model for the development of future traffic forecasts along the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor, Frontage Road, and Orange Boulevard for the Build Alternative. In addition, we recommend the use of the historical annual growth rate of 3.3% to develop the future traffic forecasts along all the other side streets for the Build Alternative. The projected Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes for the opening year 2020, mid-design year 2030, and design year 2040 for the Build Alternative are illustrated in Figure **ES-1A**, **ES-1B**, and **ES-1C**.

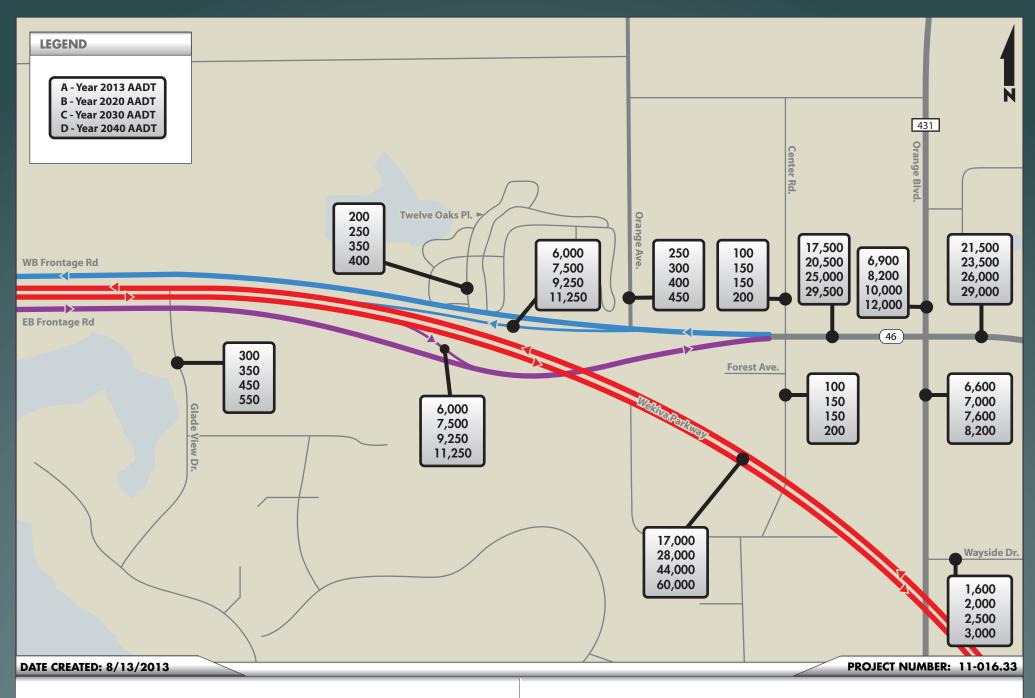


Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE ES-1A

Future AADT Volumes - Build Alternative





Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE ES-1C

Future AADT Volumes - Build Alternative

Chapter: Executive Summary SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM

Financial Project ID: 240200-2

The proposed Build Alternative geometry for the SR 429 (Wekiva parkway) includes the

construction of a new four (4) lane divided limited access toll road facility generally following the

existing SR 46 alignment. The project will also include designing a two (2)-lane non-tolled,

Frontage Road for local travel, slip ramps to enter and exit the Wekiva Parkway, and several

bridges over side streets.

Per the request of FDOT staff and the design team, the Frontage Road was analyzed

under two (2) scenarios. For the first scenario, the Frontage Road was analyzed as a two (2)-lane

road (one lane on each direction) with roundabouts at the intersections of Osprey Hammock Trail,

Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road. The

second scenario was similar to the first scenario. However, for this second scenario, the intersections

of the Frontage Road at Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road,

and Glade View Road were analyzed as "T intersections" with two (2) through lanes along the

eastbound and westbound approaches of the intersections (four lanes total along the Frontage

Road through the intersections).

Based on the analysis for the two (2) scenarios, it was concluded that the intersections of

the Frontage Road at Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and

Glade View Road are anticipated to generate similar delays under both the Build Alternative

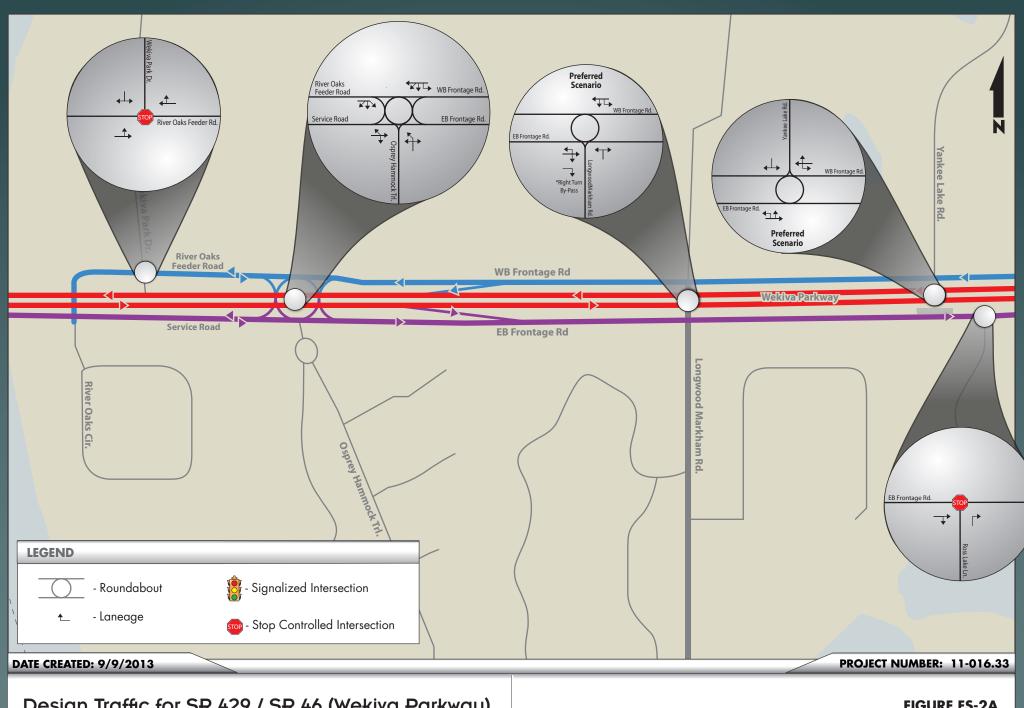
Scenarios through the design year 2040. However, based on safety, maintenance, and design

considerations, we recommend Scenario 1 as the preferred scenario for the SR 429/SR 46

(Wekiva Parkway - Section 7A) Build Alternative. The recommended Build Alternative Geometry

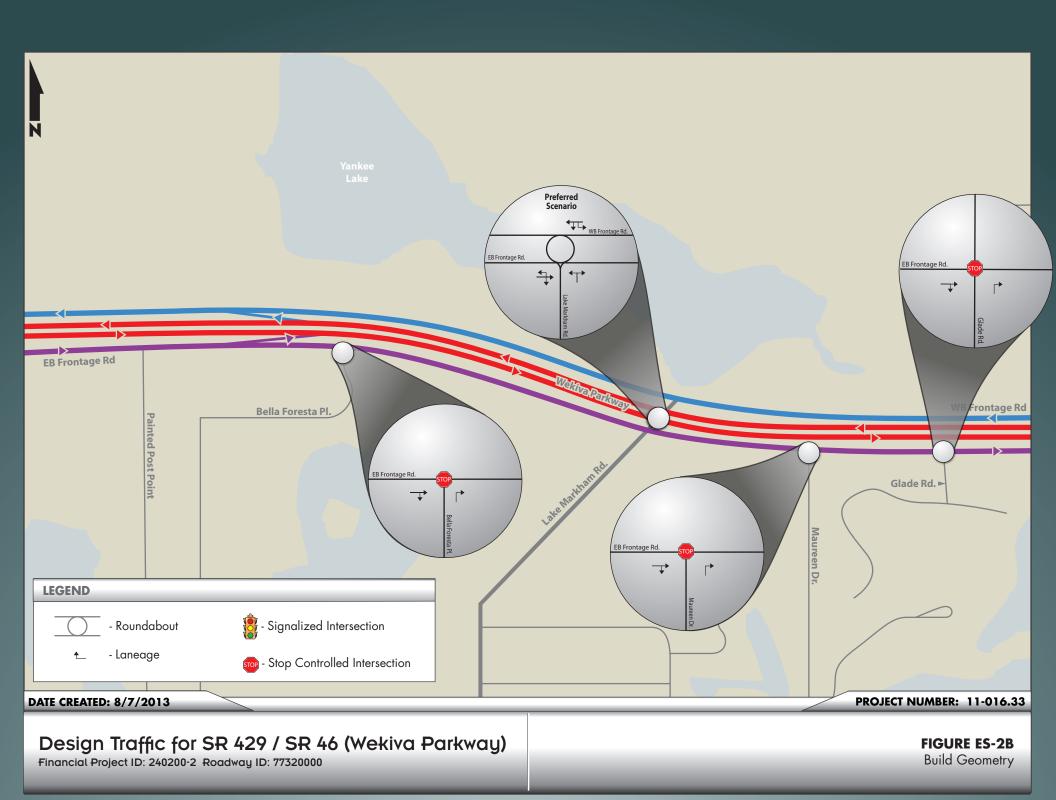
for the corridor can be seen in Figure ES-2A, ES-2B, and ES-2C.

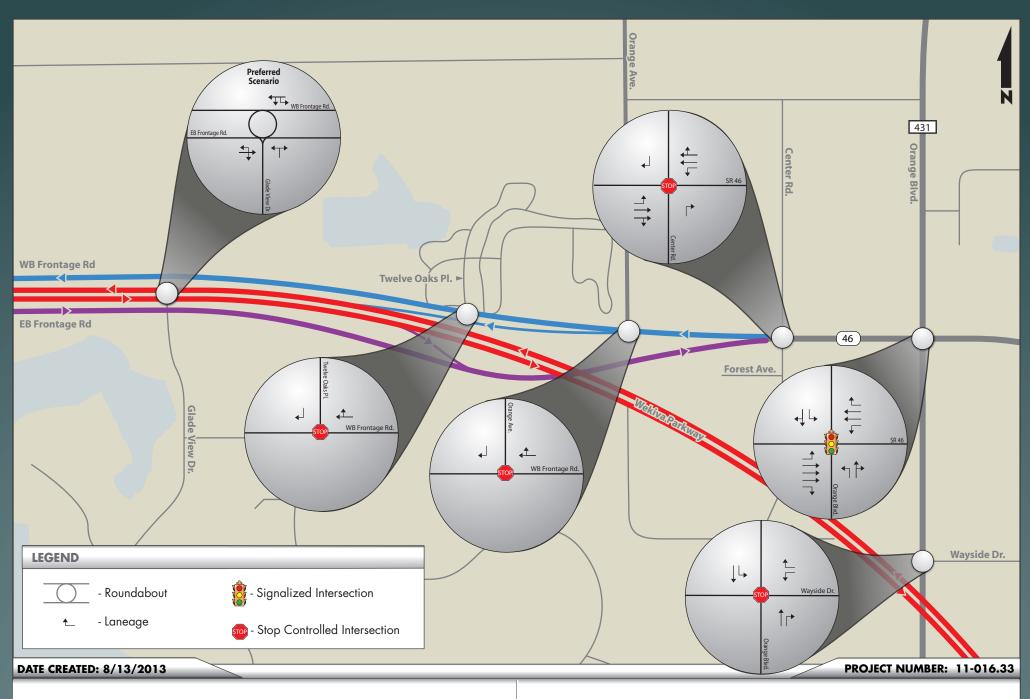
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Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

**FIGURE ES-2A Build Geometry** 





Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE ES-2C
Build Geometry

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Based on the HCS ramp merge/diverge analyses the following acceleration/deceleration

lane lengths are recommended for the ramps along the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway – Section 7A)

corridor:

EB Off Slip Ramp – Deceleration Lane Length of 590 feet

• WB On Slip Ramp – Acceleration Lane Length of 590 feet

EB On Slip Ramp – Acceleration Lane Length of 1,000 feet

WB Off Slip Ramp – Deceleration Lane Length of 1,000 feet

EB Off Ramp "FF" – Deceleration Lane Length of 1,000 feet

WB On Ramp "EE" – Acceleration Lane Length of 1,000 feet

Under the Build Alternative, all the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) freeway segments are

projected to operate at an acceptable LOS during the opening year 2020, mid-design year

2030, and design year 2040 traffic conditions, with the exception of the freeway segment of SR

429 from the EB On/WB Off Slip Ramps to the EB Off "FF"/WB On "EE" Ramps, which is

anticipated to operate at an adverse LOS E during the design year 2040 peak hour/peak

direction conditions. It is important to note that this freeway segment is anticipated to operate at

an unacceptable LOS only beyond the year 2037.

The SR 429/Wekiva Parkway Section 7A is being designed as a six (6) lane limited

access tolled expressway but will only be built initially as a four (4) lane limited access tolled

expressway. In addition, based on the FDOT Five Year Work Program FY 2014/2018, funding

for the acquisition of Right of Way for a six (6) lane cross-section expressway is programmed in

FY 2015/2016. Therefore, it is recommended that a traffic reevaluation be performed by the

year 2036 to determine if this section of the Wekiva Parkway needs to be built as a six (6) lane

limited access tolled expressway.

In addition to the above-mentioned improvements, this study used the red time formula

(source: ITE Traffic Engineering Manual, 5th Edition) to develop the queue length requirements at

signalized intersection of SR 46 at Orange Boulevard for the Build Alternative. The recommended

queue lengths for the turn lanes are shown in Table ES-1.

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Table ES-1: Recommended Queue Lengths of Turn Lanes for Signalized Intersections — Year 2040 Build Alternative

Turning Movement	Number of Turn Lanes	Calc'd Queue Length (ft)	Rec'd Queue Length (ft)
INTERSECTION:	SR 46 and Oran	ge Boulevard	
EB Left	1	232	250
EB Right	1	110	125
WB Left	1	140	150
WB Right	1	226	250
NB Left	1	163	1 <i>75</i>
SB Left	1	182	200

#### Note:

1. Queue Lengths are calculated based on the following formula: L = (A) (DHV) (1-G/C) (T+1) (F) / (3600/C) / (N) where:

 $L = Queue \ length$   $F = adjustment \ factor (1.25 to 2)$ 

DHV = design hour volume, in vph C = cycle length G/C = ratio of green time to cycle length N = # of lanes

T = percent of heavy vehicles A = Assumed 25 feet for automobile

2. Recommended queue lengths are shown in yellow shade and bold letters.

3. A minimum queue length of 100 feet is assumed as the recommended length for calculated lengths of less than 100 feet.

Furthermore, the queue length requirements for the dedicated turn lanes at the unsignalized intersections of SR 46 at Center Road and Orange Boulevard at Wayside Drive were developed based on the 95th percentile queue length obtained from the HCM 2000 intersection analysis and can be found in **Table ES-2**.

Table ES-2: Recommended Queue Lengths of Turn Lanes for Unsignalized Intersections — Year 2040 Build Alternative

Intersection	Turning Movement	Rec'd Queue Length (ft)
SR 46 & Center	WB Left	100
Road	EB Left	100
Wayside Drive &	NB Right	100
Orange Boulevard	SB Left	100

### Notes:

- 1. Recommended queue lengths were obtained from the 95th Percentile Queue (ft) obtained using the HCM 2000 Methodology
- 2. A minimum queue length of 100 feet is assumed as the recommended length for calculated lengths of less than 100 feet.
- Recommended queue lengths are shown in yellow shade and bold letters.

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It should be noted that the specific lengths do not include the taper or deceleration distance (refer to FDOT index 301 to determine the appropriate specific taper and deceleration length). These storage lengths are recommended at locations where these lengths can be achieved. Actual design and implementation of these storage length requirements will be a function of design and the physical practicality of their construction.

# FINAL SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway – Section 7A) Design Traffic Technical Memorandum

This Design Traffic Technical Memorandum is prepared in support of the New Roadway Construction Project of SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway – Section 7A) from East of River Oaks Circle to Orange Boulevard. This technical memorandum includes the development of existing traffic volumes, evaluation of existing operating conditions, and development of design traffic characteristics. In addition, this final technical memorandum entails the development of future traffic forecasts for one (1) Build Alternative and evaluation of the characteristics and operating conditions of the corridor during the service life of the proposed roadway project.

Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

**Prepared by:** 

▶ GMB Engineers & Planners, Inc. 2602 E Livingston St, Orlando, Florida

Prepared for:

▶ FDOT District 5

**9/27/2013** 

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Chapter: Introduction

SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM Financial Project ID: 240200-2

Introduction

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) District Five is conducting a Final Engineering Design

Study to evaluate the future capacity for the new roadway construction of the SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva

 $Parkway-Section\ 7A\ /\ Roadway\ ID:\ 77320000)\ from\ east\ of\ Wekiva\ River\ Road\ to\ Orange\ Boulevard$ 

in Seminole County, Florida. GMB's role is to perform the Design Traffic Analysis to determine the impacts

and assess the need for future capacity improvements on the SR 429/SR 46 New Roadway Corridor. The

Design Traffic Process for this study is divided in two phases. They are:

■ Phase I – This phase of the study entails the development of existing design traffic volumes, design

characteristics, and evaluation of existing operating conditions. In addition, this Phase of the study

entails the development of future traffic forecast for the Build Alternative

Phase II - This phase of the study includes an evaluation of the characteristics and operating

conditions of the corridor during the service life of the proposed roadway project.

The current document is prepared in support of both Phases of the Design Traffic Analysis.

1.1 Description of Project

The existing SR 46 corridor is primarily an east/west facility from east of Wekiva River Road to Orange

Boulevard in Seminole County, Florida. The segment of SR 46 to be studied in Seminole County (Roadway

ID: 77030000 from M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475) is a two lane undivided urban other principal arterial.

The New Roadway Construction Project of the SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway - Section 7A) will

generally follow the existing SR 46 alignment and is expected to be a four (4) lane divided limited access

toll road facility. The project will include designing non-tolled, service/frontage roads for local travel, slip

ramps to enter and exit the Wekiva Parkway, and several bridges over side streets. The conceptual "line

and grade" design for the project can be found in **Appendix A.** 

Per the request of FDOT staff and the design team, the Frontage Road was analyzed under two (2)

scenarios. For the first scenario, the Frontage Road was analyzed as a two (2)-lane road (one lane on

each direction) with roundabouts at the intersections of Osprey Hammock Trail, Longwood-Markham Road,

Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road. The second scenario was similar to the

first scenario. However, for this second scenario, the intersections of the Frontage Road at Longwood-

Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road were analyzed as "T

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intersections" with two (2) through lanes along the eastbound and westbound approaches of the

intersections (four lanes total along the Frontage Road through the intersections).

It is to be noted that the construction of the new six-lane limited access tolled SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva

Parkway – Section 7A) is included as a planned cost feasible improvement in the MetroPlan Orlando 2030

Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). Based on conversations with FDOT staff, this segment of SR 429

(Wekiva Parkway) is being designed as a six (6) lane limited access tolled expressway but will only be

built initially as a four (4) lane limited access tolled expressway. In addition, construction funding for this

new roadway project is programmed for FY 2018 (Financial ID # 240200-2). Figure 1 shows the project

location map including the new alignment for the SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) and its service road.

1.2 Objective

The objective of this Technical Memorandum is to provide the FDOT District Five with the annual average

daily traffic (AADT), Peak Hour Volumes (PHV), intersection, and roadway Levels of Service (LOS) for the

base year 2013. This report also involves the development of the design traffic characteristics including

Standard K factor, Design Hour Directional Demand (D), and percentage of trucks for both the design hour

and daily demand (Tf, T24) that will be used in obtaining the future traffic volumes and future operational

analysis. In addition, this report includes the development of AADT forecasts for the opening year 2020,

mid-design year 2030 and design year 2040 for one (1) Build Alternative.

1.3 Methodology

The methodology used for the development of this report includes:

Collect available traffic count information from the FDOT's and County's historical traffic count

records and from actual field count data. Review previous studies, traffic characteristics and other

relevant data for the study corridor.

Based on the data collected, use the year 2013 peak hour turning movement counts for

performing intersection LOS analyses for the project corridor.

Evaluate the existing traffic volumes based on capacity to determine if the roadway is currently

operating under constrained or unconstrained conditions.

Based on the data collection process, estimate the travel roadway characteristics of the corridor.

These characteristics include Standard K factor, Directional factor (D), Daily Truck factor (T24), and

Peak Truck factor  $(T_f)$ .

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Chapter: Introduction SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM

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Develop future year traffic volume forecasts for the corridor based on trends analysis of historical

traffic counts, and/or travel demand models Florida Standard Urban Transportation Model

Structure (FSUTMS), previous studies, and Bureau of Economic & Business Research (BEBR)

population projections.

Develop the design hour turning movement volumes for the opening year, mid-design year, and

design year for the Build alternative by applying the design characteristics including Standard K

and D to the future year AADTs using TURNS5 program.

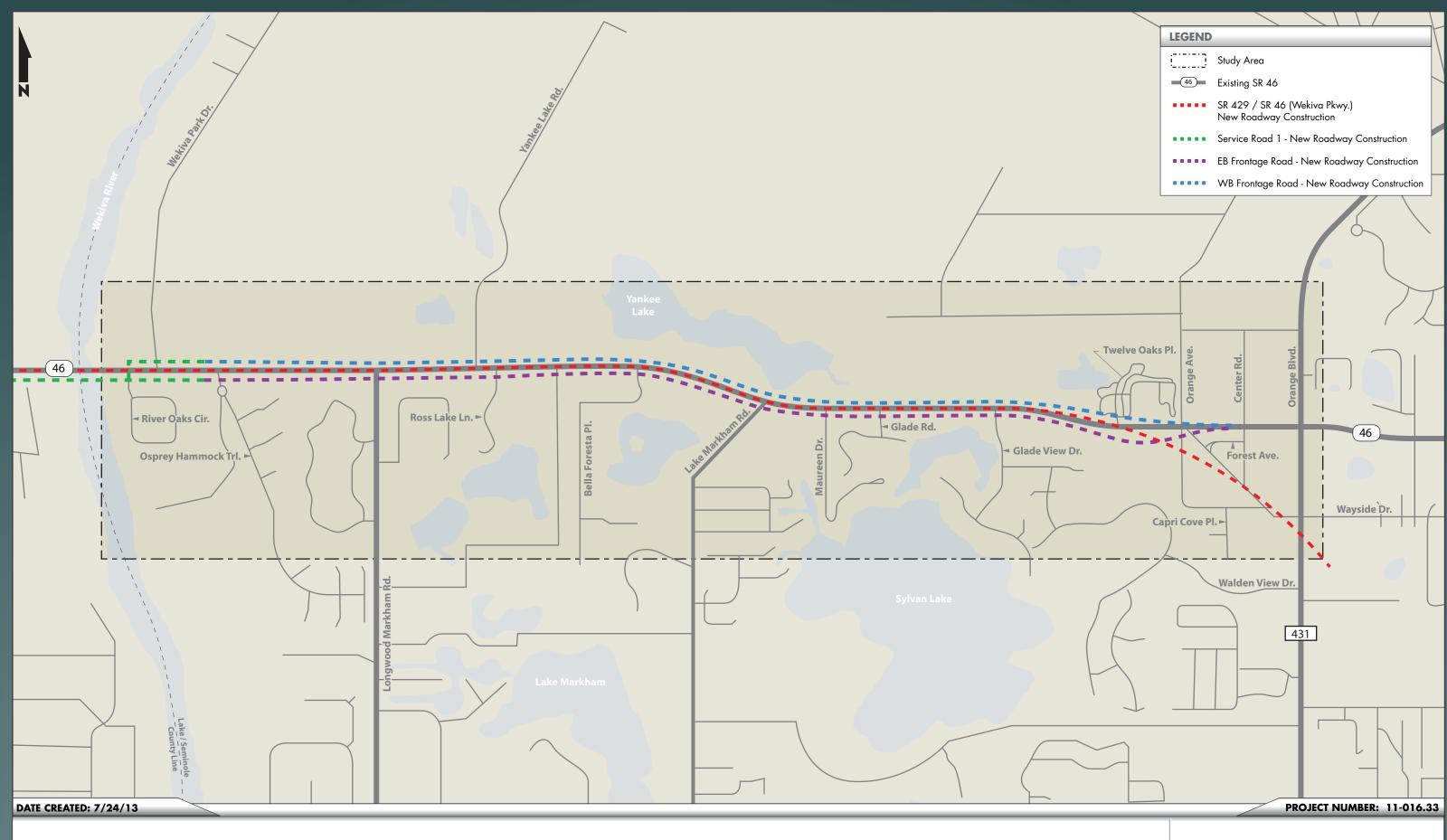
Provide LOS analysis for the intersections, ramps, and roadway segments along the study corridor

for the Build alternative for the opening, mid-design and design year design hour conditions.

Based on the level of service analysis, provide recommendations for improvements to

accommodate the anticipated travel demand.

Provide 18 KIP Equivalent Single Axle Load (ESAL) analysis for the study corridor.



Design Traffic for SR 429 / SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway)
Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE 1 Project Location Chapter: Project Information SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM Financial Project ID: 240200-2

## **2** Project Information

### 2.1 Project Location, Limits and Field Inventory

Within the project limits, SR 46 is an east/west, two-lane urban other principal arterial serving both local and regional traffic. In addition, SR 46 is a major evacuation route that extends from Lake County to northern Brevard County. The existing roadway characteristics that are relevant to this study are shown in **Table 1**. Straight Line Diagrams (SLDs) and the relevant Roadway Characteristics Inventory data (RCI) for the SR 46 corridor are provided in **Appendix B** of this report.

Table 1: Roadway Characteristics of SR 46 Corridor

Characteristic	Observation								
Limits	77030000 – East of Wekiva River Road (M.P. 0.072) to Orange Boulevard (M.P. 3.475)								
Location	Unincorporated Seminole County (Road ID: 77320000 M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475)								
FDOT Roadway ID	77030000								
Roadway Maintaining Agency	77030000 (M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475): FDOT								
Functional Classification	wo Lane Undivided Urban Other Principal Arterial (M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475)								
Speed Limits	7030000 (M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475): 55 MPH								
Adopted LOS	■ FDOT: 77030000 (M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475): LOS D								
Standard	Seminole County: 77030000 (M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475): LOS E								
Study Intersections from West to East	River Oaks Circle (M.P. 0.166) — Stop Controlled  Wekiva Park Drive (M.P. 0.239) — Stop Controlled  Osprey Hammock Trail (M.P. 0.414) — Stop Controlled  Longwood Markham Road (M.P. 0.863) — Signalized  Yankee Lake Road (M.P. 1.137) — Stop Controlled  Ross Lake Lane (M.P. 1.196) — Stop Controlled  Bella Foresta Place (M.P. 1.595) — Stop Controlled  Lake Markham Road (M.P. 1.958) — Stop Controlled  Maureen Drive (M.P. 2.138) — Stop Controlled  Glade Road (M.P. 2.288) — Stop Controlled  Glade View Drive (M.P. 2.616) — Stop Controlled  Twelve Oaks Place (M.P. 2.964) — Stop Controlled  Vayside Drive (M.P. 3.144) — Stop Controlled  Center Road (M.P. 3.314) — Stop Controlled  Center Road (M.P. 3.314) — Stop Controlled  Wayside Drive (M.P. 3.375) — Signalized  Orange Boulevard @  Wayside Drive — Stop Controlled								
Land Uses	Predominantly vacant and residential land uses north and south of the SR 46 corridor.								
Pavement Width	12 foot wide travel lanes.								
Sidewalks	<ul> <li>77030000 (M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 0.347): None</li> <li>77030000 (M.P. 0.347 to M.P. 0.592): 5 foot sidewalks on the south side</li> <li>77030000 (M.P. 0.592 to M.P. 3.475): None</li> </ul>								
Parallel Parking	None								
Shared Use Path and Bike Lanes	77030000 (M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475): undesignated bike lanes along both eastbound and westbound directions								
Access Class	77030000 (M.P. 0.072 to M.P. 3.475): Access Management Class 3								
Transit	There are no existing transit services along the study corridor								

Chapter: Existing Conditions SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM

Financial Project ID: 240200-2

3 Existing Conditions

This section describes the analysis of traffic flow operating conditions for the base year 2013 at the major

intersections and roadway segments along the project corridor.

In analyzing the year 2013 operating conditions of the intersections and roadway segments, traffic counts

collected from the field during April through July of 2013 were used along with the existing roadway and

intersection geometries. The balanced turning movement volumes collected in the field were used for the

year 2013 level of service (LOS) analysis for the intersections and roadway segments.

The year 2013 conditions LOS analysis for the intersections of SR 46 at Longwood Markham Road and SR

46 at Orange Boulevard was performed using the signal timing data provided by Seminole County. The

existing conditions intersection analysis was performed using the Synchro Software (version 7.0). In

addition, the existing conditions arterial LOS analysis was performed by comparing the existing arterial

traffic volumes against generalized peak hour directional service volumes obtained from the 2012 FDOT

Quality/Level of Service Handbook (December 18, 2012 version). The following sub-sections describe the

overall process.

3.1 Traffic Count Information

Figure 2 provides the location of traffic counts and type of traffic count data collected for the study. All

existing traffic count data was collected during April through July of 2013. The data collected includes:

➤ 48-hour vehicle classification counts (2 locations)

➤ 48-hour volume counts (7 locations)

➤ 4-hour intersection turning movement counts including bike and pedestrian for a.m. and p.m. peak

hours (25 intersections)

The weekday turning movement counts were collected for the intersections between the peak hours of

7:00-9:00 a.m. and 4:00-6:00 p.m. It is to be noted that 4-hour turning movement counts were collected

for the following eight (8) intersections for informational purposes only and therefore, they were not

evaluated as part of this study:

Orange Boulevard at Walden View Drive (unsignalized intersection)

Orange Boulevard at Lakeside Methodist Church Driveway (unsignalized intersection)

Wayside Drive at S. Orange Avenue (unsignalized intersection)

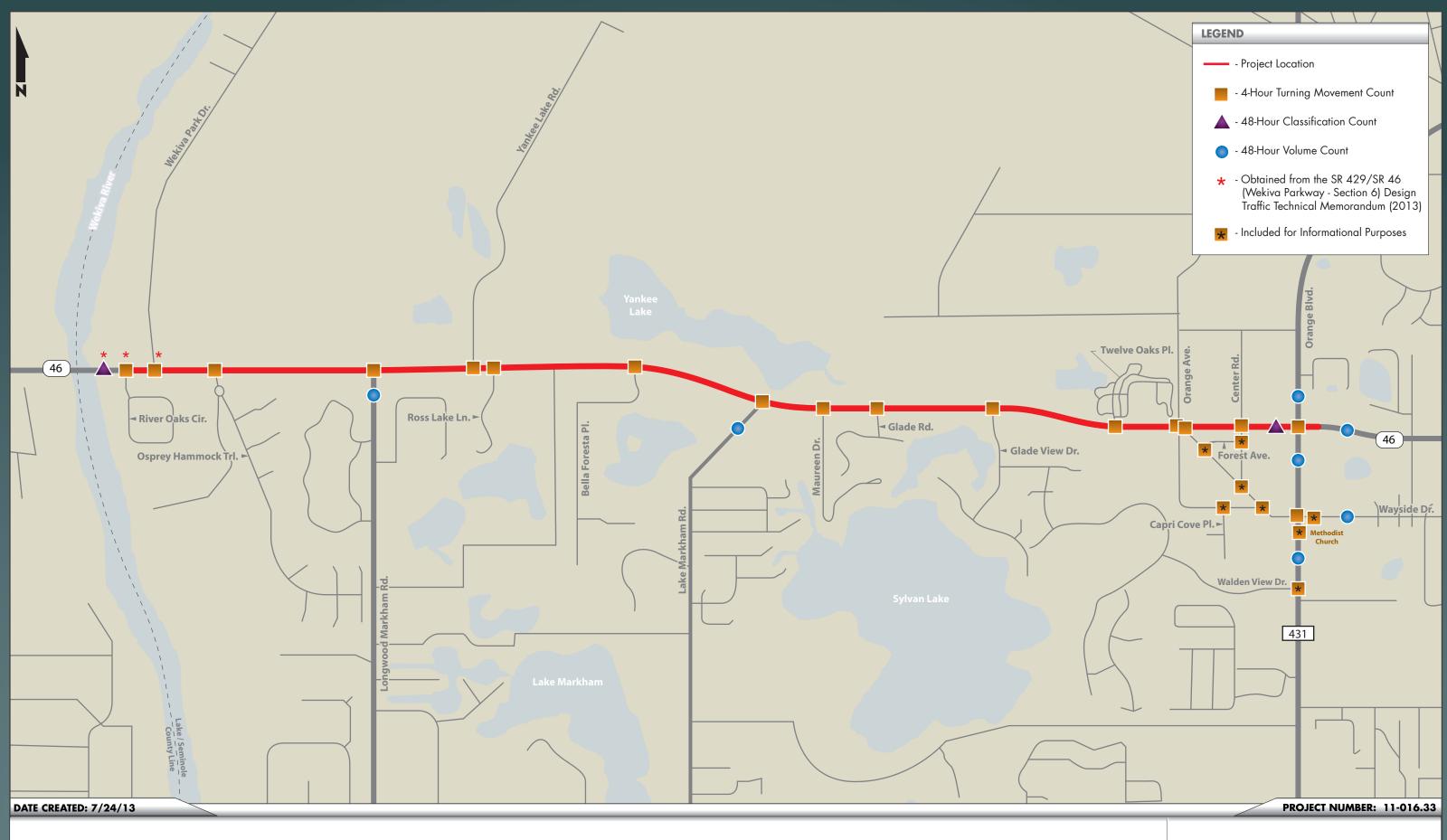
Chapter: Existing Conditions SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM Financial Project ID: 240200-2

- Wayside Drive at S. Center Road (unsignalized intersection)
- Wayside Drive at Forest Avenue (unsignalized intersection)
- Wayside Drive at Lakeside Methodist Church Driveway (unsignalized intersection)
- S. Orange Avenue at Capri Cove Place (unsignalized intersection)
- S. Center Road at Forest Avenue (unsignalized intersection)

As part of the traffic count program for this project, and as mentioned above, two (2) locations were utilized in this study as vehicle classification counts. Vehicle composition for the classification count was broken into three primary vehicle types:

- Passenger Vehicles Motorcycles, Cars, Vans, and Pickups;
- Medium Truck Buses and 2 axle Single Unit Trucks;
- Heavy Trucks (3 or 4 axles) Single Unit Trucks, 2 axle Tractors (with 1 or 2 axle Trailer), 3 axle Trailers (2 or 3 axle Trailers), and (5, 6 and 7 axle) Multi-trailers.

Based on these categories, percentages for overall trucks (medium and heavy) were determined for peak and daily traffic conditions. Copies of all traffic count data are provided in **Appendix C.** FDOT seasonal and axle adjustment factors for Seminole County are provided in **Appendix D**.



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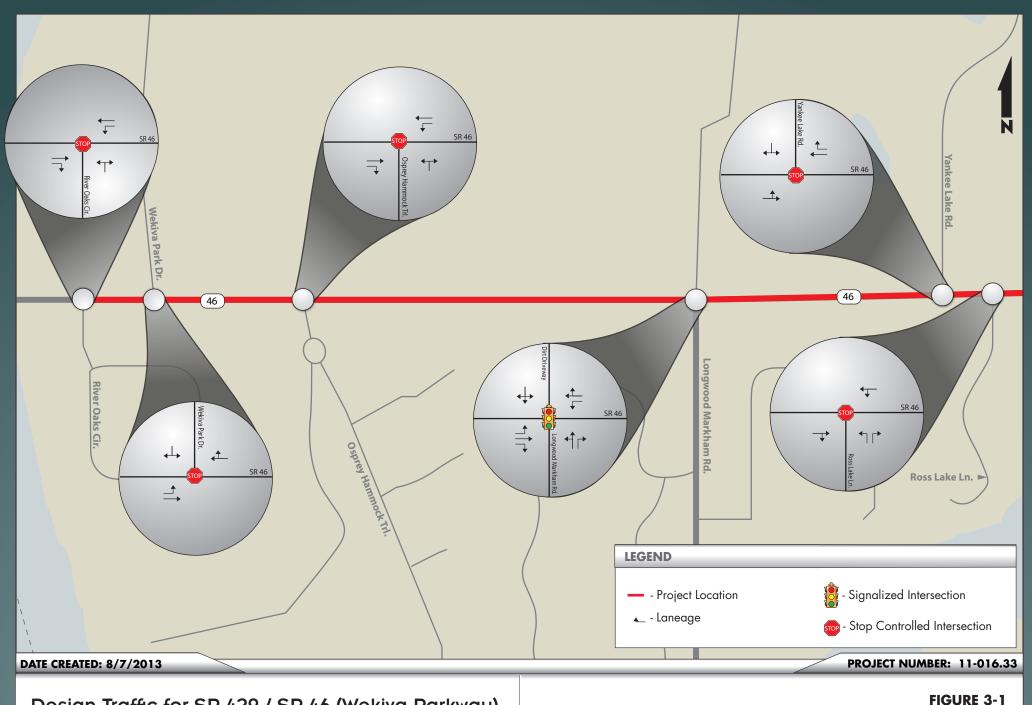
**FIGURE 2** Traffic Count Location

### 3.2 Existing Geometry

**Figures 3-1 through 3-3** provide the year 2013 intersection geometry for all the intersections to be evaluated in this study. The year 2013 intersection geometry information was obtained and verified based on field visits and aerial photographs. The following intersections are evaluated as part of this study:

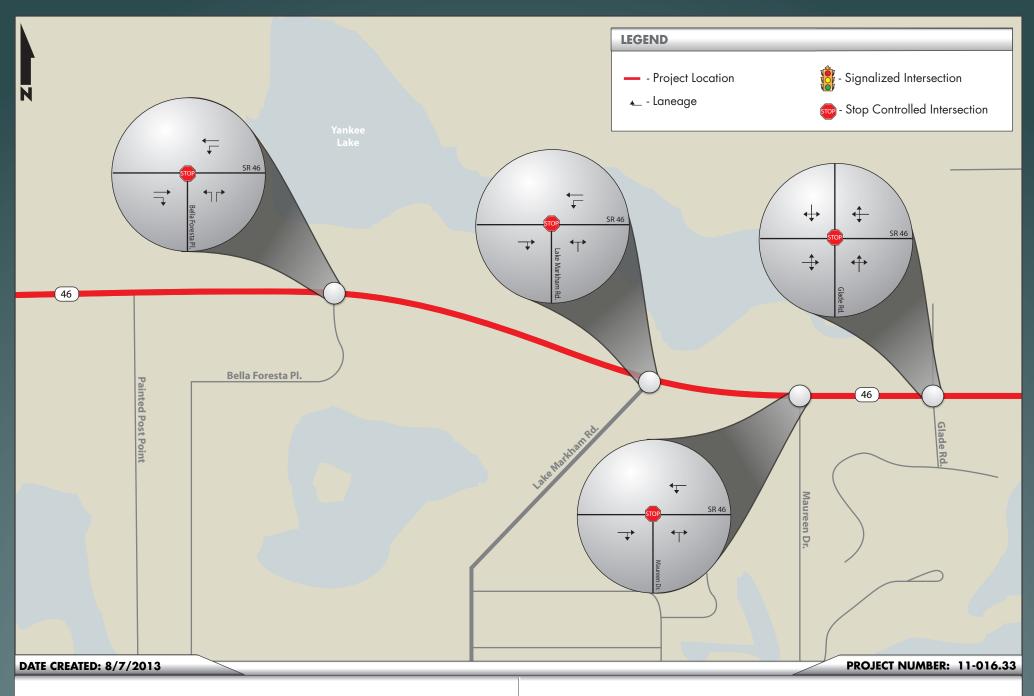
- SR 46 at River Oaks Circle (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Wekiva Park Drive (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Osprey Hammock Trail (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Longwood-Markham Road (Signalized Intersection)
- > SR 46 at Yankee Lake Road (Unsignalized Intersection)
- > SR 46 at Rose Lake Lane (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Bella Foresta Place (Unsignalized Intersection)
- > SR 46 at Lake Markham Road (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Maureen Drive (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Glade Road (Unsignalized Intersection)
- > SR 46 at Glade View Drive (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Twelve Oaks Place (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Orange Avenue (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Wayside Drive (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Center Road (Unsignalized Intersection)
- SR 46 at Orange Boulevard (Signalized Intersection)
- Orange Boulevard at Wayside Drive (Unsignalized Intersection)

The existing geometry plays a vital role in assessing the intersection LOS. LOS is a qualitative measure of how efficient a roadway or intersection operates. LOS A represents the highest traffic flow quality, while LOS E represents traffic flow at capacity. LOS F represents forced flow congested conditions. LOS B, C and D represent a gradual degradation in traffic flow quality before reaching capacity. The existing geometry was considered as one of the factors in determining potential intersection improvements to accommodate the travel demand.



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

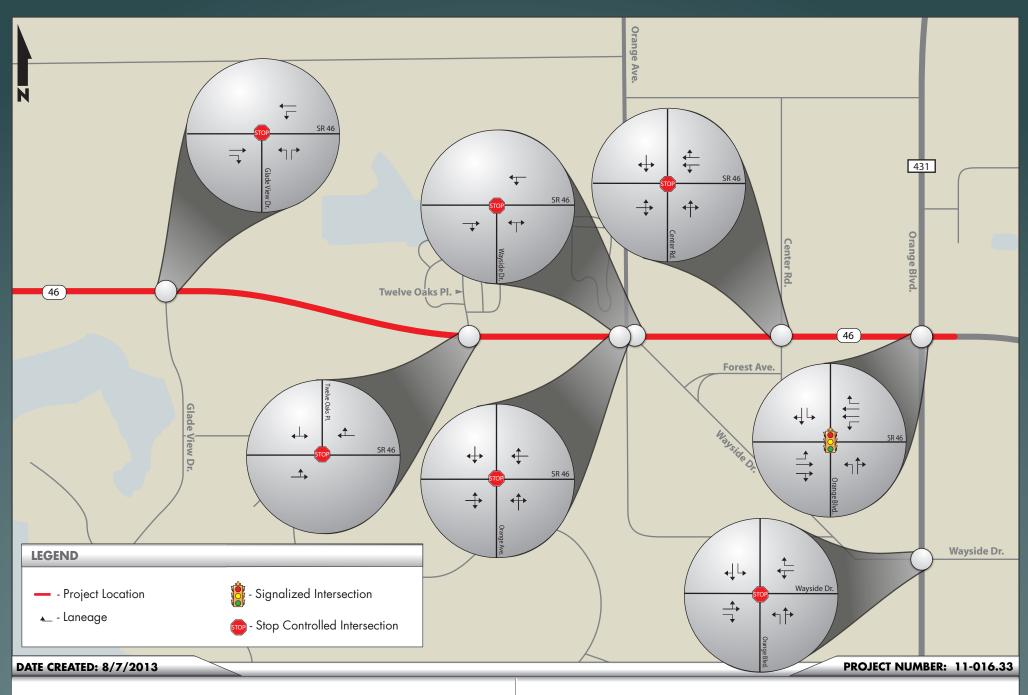
FIGURE 3-1
Existing Geometry



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE 3-2

**Existing Geometry** 



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

**FIGURE 3-3** Existing Geometry

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### 3.3 Existing Traffic Volumes

The traffic count information collected was used to develop existing traffic characteristics for the project corridors and the intersecting side streets. The truck factor for the peak condition was used in the existing intersection analysis. Based on the 48-Hour classification counts, the directional splits (D measured) for the roadways in the study area were derived. The adjusted AADT volumes for the individual roadway segments are provided in **Table 2** and **Figures 4-1 through 4-3**. As shown in **Figure 4-1 through 4-3**, the year 2013 existing peak hour turning movement counts collected at the intersections of River Oaks Circle, Wekiva Park Drive, Osprey Hammock Trail, Yankee Lake Road, Ross Lake Lane, Bella Foresta Place, Maureen Drive, Glade Road, Glade View Drive, Twelve Oaks Place, Orange Avenue, Wayside Drive, and Center Road were used to estimate the existing year 2013 AADT volumes for the side streets by applying the standard K factor of 9.0%.

### 3.3.1 Year 2013 Turning Movement Counts

Turning movement counts were obtained for the a.m. and p.m. peak hour conditions for the study intersections during the year 2013. The actual (original) year 2013 a.m., and p.m. peak hour turning movement volumes collected at the study intersections are shown in **Appendix C**. For the purpose of this study, the original year 2013 a.m. and p.m. peak hour turning movement volumes were adjusted using the seasonal adjustment factors obtained from the 2012 Florida Traffic Information (FTI) DVD to be conservative and balanced. The balanced turning movement counts for the a.m. and p.m. peak hour conditions are shown in **Figures 5-1 through 5-3**.

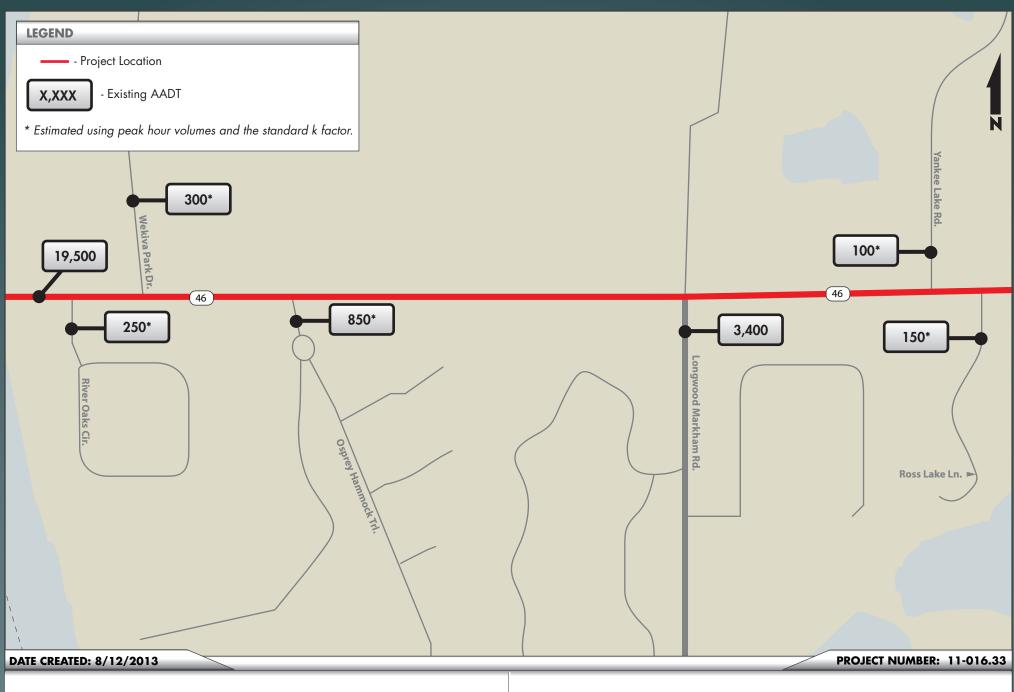
### Table 2 SR 429 / SR 46 Design Traffic Technical Memorandum

YR 2013 Existing Traffic Volumes

	Measured Characteristics						<del></del>	T <sub>a</sub> .	T					
Roadway / Segment	Traffic Count Date	Type of Count	ADT	Peak Hr.	NB/EB	SB/WB	Peak Time	"K"	"D"	"T <sub>24</sub> "	"T <sub>f</sub> "	Axle Adj. <sup>(1)</sup>	Seasonal Adj. <sup>(1)</sup>	Adjusted AADT <sup>(2)</sup>
Mainline Characteristics (S	R 46)													
East of Wekiva River Road	5/7/2013 to 5/8/2013	48-Hour Classification	19,574	1,978	743	1,235	5:00-6:00 PM	10.1%	62.4%	10.4%	7.1%	1.00	0.99	19,500
West of Orange Boulevard	7/16/2013 to 7/17/2013	48-Hour Classification	20,102	1,897	766	1,131	5:00-6:00 PM	9.4%	59.6%	10.6%	8.3%	1.00	1.02	20,500
East of Orange Boulevard	7/24/2013 to 7/25/2013	48-Hour Volume Count	23,352	1,968	802	1,166	5:00-6:00 PM	8.4%	59.2%	NA	NA	0.95	1.02	22,500
Average								9.3%	60.4%	10.5%	7.7%			
Side Street Characteristics														
River Oak Circle (3)														
South of SR 46	4/30/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	267	24	8	16	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	66.7%	NA	NA	NA	0.99	250
Wekiva Park Drive (3)														
North of SR 46	4/30/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	311	28	1 <i>7</i>	11	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	60.7%	NA	NA	NA	0.99	300
Osprey Hammock Trail <sup>(3)</sup>														
South of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	833	75	29	46	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	61.3%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	850
Longwood-Markham Road														
South of SR 46	7/16/2013 to 7/17/2013	48-Hour Volume Count	3,320	370	237	133	5:00-6:00 PM	11.1%	64.1%	NA	NA	0.99	1.02	3,400
Yankee Lake Road <sup>(3)</sup>														
North of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	100	9	5	4	7:15-8:15 AM	9.0%	55.6%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	100
Ross Lake Lane (3)	_ / /				_	_								
South of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	133	12	3	9	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	75.0%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	150
Bella Foresta Place (3)	7/10/0010		070	0.5			715015	0.00/	50.00/					
South of SR 46  Lake Markham Road	7/18/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	278	25	12	13	7:15-8:15 AM	9.0%	52.0%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	300
South of SR 46	7/16/2013 to 7/17/2013	48-Hour Volume Count	1,200	105	46	59	4:45-5:45 PM	8.8%	56.2%	NA	NA	0.99	1.02	1,200
Maureen Drive (3)	//10/2013 10 //17/2013	46-Hour Volume Count	1,200	103	40	37	4:43-3:43 FM	0.0 /0	30.276	INA	INA	0.77	1.02	1,200
South of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	156	14	4	10	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	71.4%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	150
Glade Road (3)	7/17/2010	4 11001 Torrising Movement Coolin	130	17	7	10	3.00 0.00 174	7.070	7 1.470	100	177	100	1.02	130
South of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	122	11	5	6	4:45-5:45 PM	9.0%	54.5%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	100
Glade View Drive (3)	, ,	•												
South of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	311	28	12	16	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	57.1%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	300
Twelve Oaks Place (3)														
North of SR 46	7/16/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	200	18	14	4	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	77.8%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	200
Orange Avenue (3)														
North of SR 46	7/16/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	233	21	12	9	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	57.1%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	250
South of SR 46	7/16/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	22	2	1	1	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	50.0%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	20
Wayside Drive														
South of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	1,533	138	9	129	7:30-8:30 AM	9.0%	93.5%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	1,600
West of Orange Boulevard	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	1,722	155	135	20	7:45-8:45 AM	9.0%	87.1%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	1,800
East of Orange Boulevard (3)	7/16/2013 to 7/17/2013	48-Hour Volume Count	1,604	197	61	136	4:45-5:45 PM	12.3%	69.0%	NA	NA	0.99	1.02	1,600
Center Road <sup>(3)</sup>														
North of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	78	7	6	1	4:45-5:45 PM	9.0%	85.7%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	80
South of SR 46	7/17/2013	4-Hour Turning Movement Count	67	6	1	5	4:45-5:45 PM	9.0%	83.3%	NA	NA	NA	1.02	70
Orange Boulevard														
North of SR 46	7/16/2013 to 7/17/2013	48-Hour Volume Count	5,498	487	279	208	4:30-5:30 PM	8.9%	57.3%	NA	NA	0.99	1.02	5,600
South of SR 46	7/16/2013 to 7/17/2013	48-Hour Volume Count	5,492	542	369	173	5:00-6:00 PM	9.9%	68.1%	NA	NA	0.99	1.02	5,500
South of Wayside Drive	7/16/2013 to 7/17/2013	48-Hour Volume Count	6,322	567	335	232	5:00-6:00 PM	9.0%	59.1%	NA	NA	0.99	1.02	6,400

#### Notes:

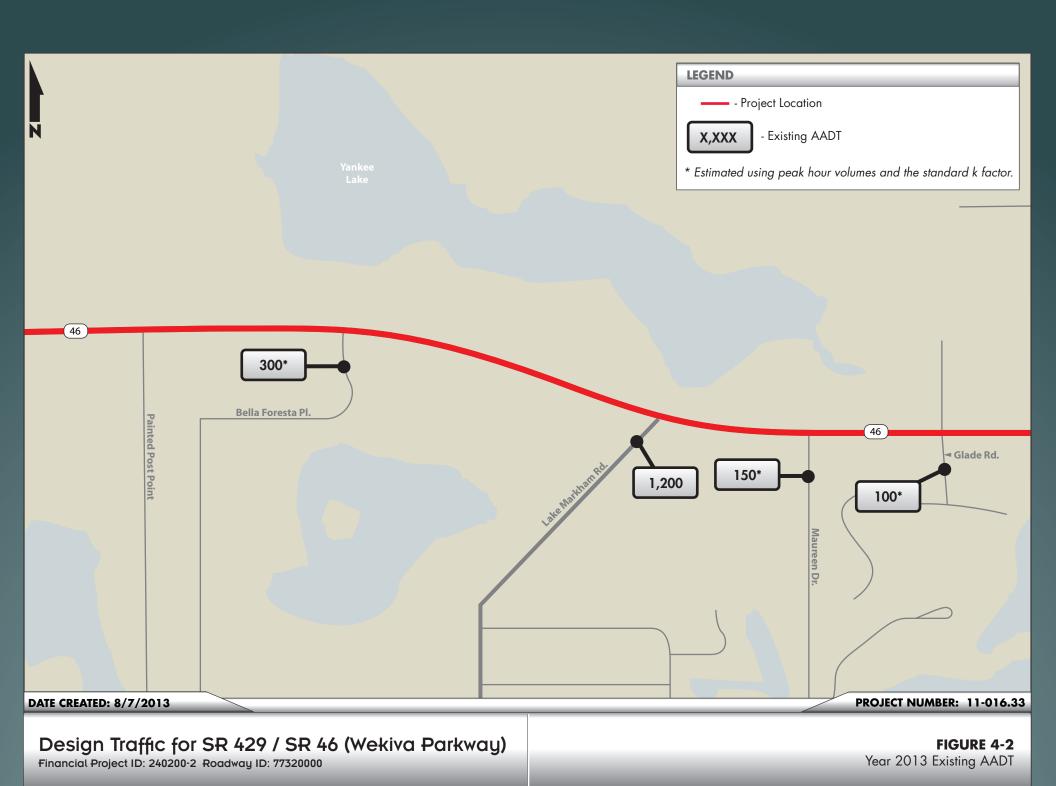
- 1. Most Recent Seasonal and Axle Adjustment factors were obtained from the 2012 FTI DVD.
- 2. Measured ADT \* Axle Adjustment \* Seasonal Adjustment = Adjusted AADT
- 3. AADT was estimated using the peak hour volume , the Standard "K" Factor, and the Seasonal Adjustment Factor

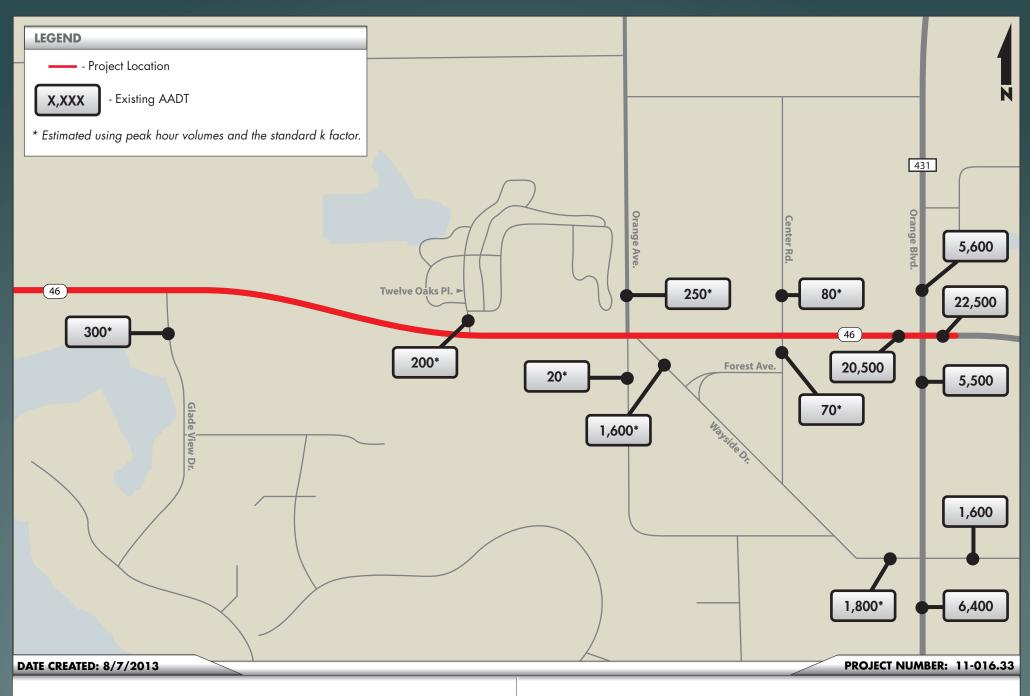


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FIGURE 4-1

Year 2013 Existing AADT

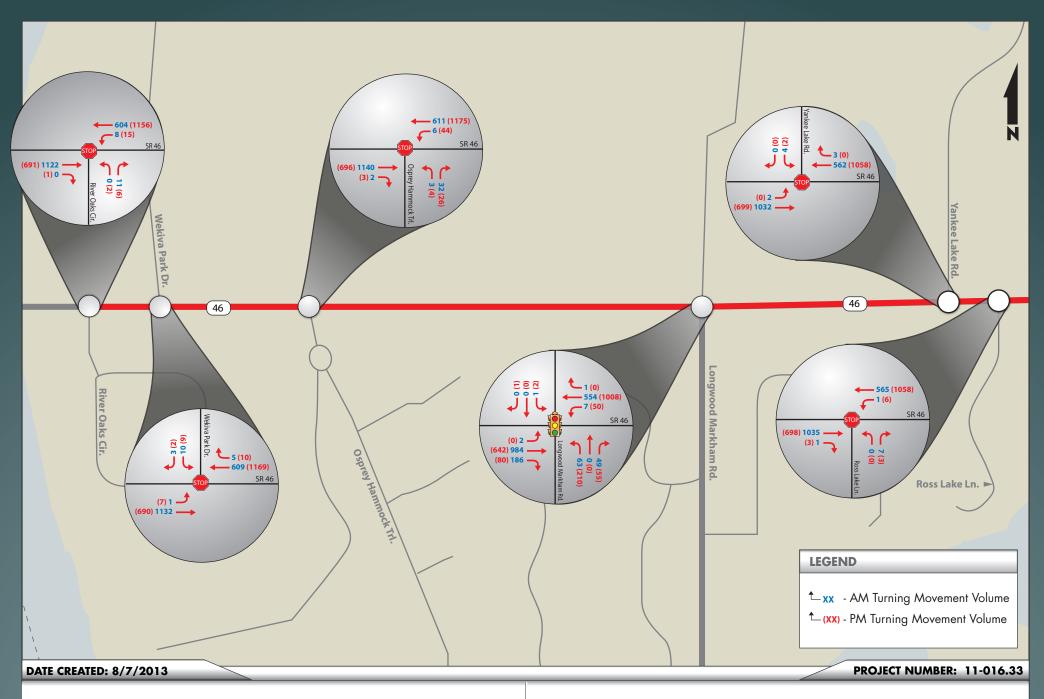




Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE 4-3

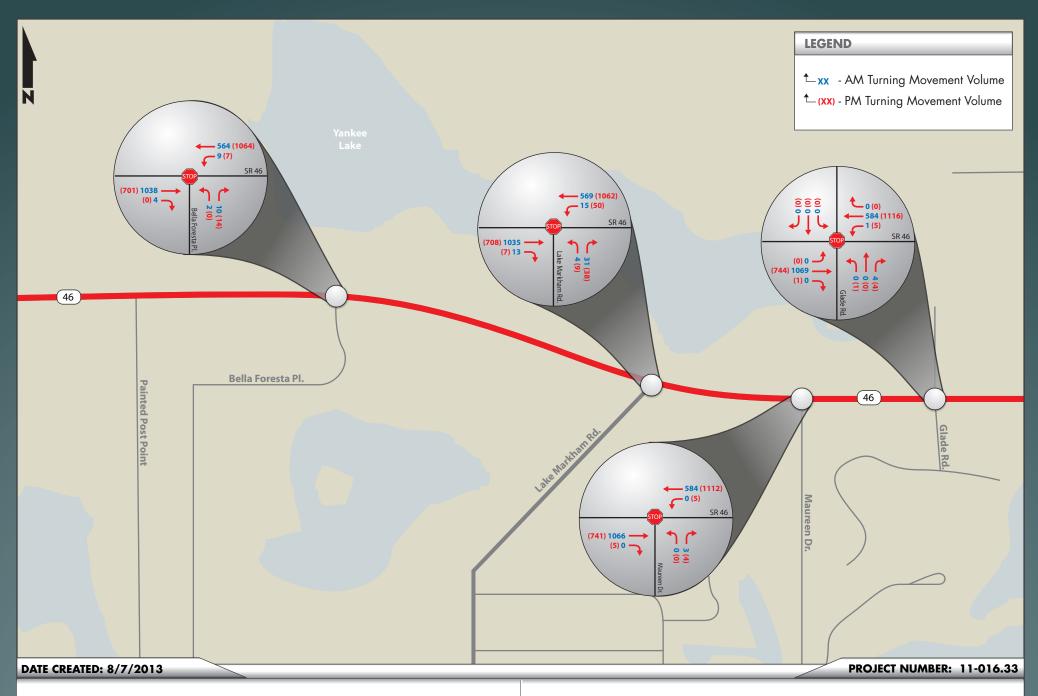
Year 2013 Existing AADT



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

#### FIGURE 5-1

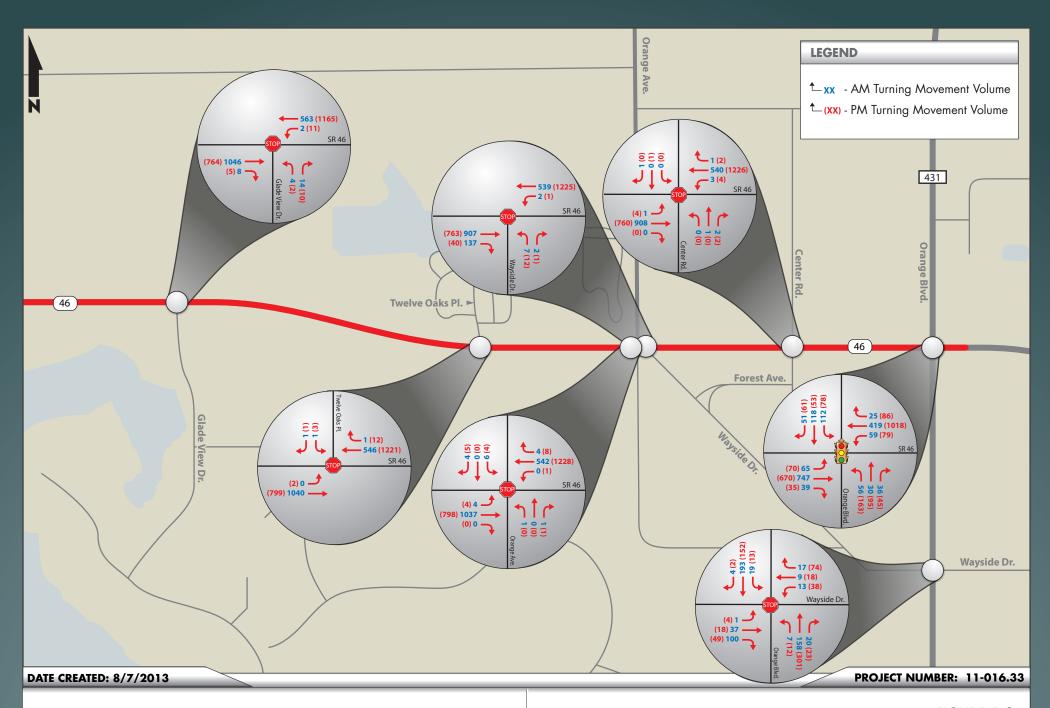
Year 2013 AM / PM Peak Hour Turning Movement Counts



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE 5-2

Year 2013 AM / PM Peak Hour Turning Movement Counts



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE 5-3

Year 2013 AM / PM Peak Hour Turning Movement Counts Chapter: Existing Conditions SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM

Financial Project ID: 240200-2

3.4 Year 2013 LOS Analysis

The level of service for the study intersections was determined using the procedures as outlined in the

Transportation Research Board's (TRB) - Highway Capacity Manual (HCM 2000) using the Synchro

Software (version 7.0). Specific analysis techniques utilized in the study include the signalized, unsignalized

intersections, and arterial analyses. Since Synchro calculates arterial LOS only between signalized

intersections, the a.m. and p.m. peak hour peak direction volumes between the intersections were

compared against the latest Generalized Peak Hour Directional Service Volumes (dated December 18,

2012) from 2012 FDOT Quality/Level Of Service Handbook to obtain the arterial LOS.

3.4.1 Year 2013 Intersection LOS Analysis

The year 2013 a.m. and p.m. peak hour turning movement volumes along with the year 2013 intersection

geometry were used in the intersection LOS analysis. The signal timing data provided by Seminole County

was used for the intersections of SR 46 at Longwood-Markham Road and SR 46 at Orange Boulevard LOS

analysis.

According to HCM 2000, an average control delay per vehicle from 55 seconds up to 80 seconds is

considered LOS E condition and beyond 80 seconds is considered LOS F condition at a signalized

intersection. In addition, for stop-controlled intersections, an average control delay per vehicle from 35

seconds up to 50 seconds is considered LOS E condition and beyond 50 seconds is considered LOS F

condition.

A summary of the LOS analysis for the study intersections is included in **Table 3**.

Table 3: Year 2013 Existing Intersection LOS Analysis Summary

Study Intersection	Control Adop	FDOT	AM Peak	Hour	PM Peak	PM Peak Hour	
		Adopted LOS	Delay (sec/vehicle)	LOS	Delay (sec/vehicle)	LOS	
SR 46 @							
River Oaks Circle	Stop	D	11.3/22.2	B/C	9.2/27.2	A/D	
Wekiva Park Drive	Stop	D	8.9/ <b>55.6</b>	A/F	12.2/84.0	B/ <b>F</b>	
Osprey Hammock Trail	Stop	D	11.7/32.5	B/D	9.6/26.6	A/D	
Longwood-Markham Road	Signal	D	14.5	В	32.0	C	
Yankee Lake Road	Stop	D	0.1/ <b>63.9</b>	A/F	0.0/57.0	A/F	
Ross Lake Lane	Stop	D	0.0/20.0	A/C	0.3/14.1	A/B	
Bella Foresta Place	Stop	D	11.6/ <b>43.9</b>	B/ <b>E</b>	9.3/14.9	A/B	
Lake Markham Road	Stop	D	11.2/26.3	B/D	9.6/31.6	A/D	
Maureen Drive	Stop	D	0.0/21.6	A/C	0.3/14.7	A/B	
Glade Road	Stop	D	0.0/19.8	A/C	0.3/34.8	A/D	
Glade View Road	Stop	D	10.9/ <b>44.9</b>	B/ <b>E</b>	10.0/ <b>123.0</b>	A/F	
Twelve Oaks Place	Stop	D	0.0/28.1	A/D	0.1/ <b>69.1</b>	A/F	
Orange Avenue	Stop	D	0.2/45.2	A/E	0.3/86.2	A/F	
Wayside Drive	Stop	D	0.1/34.3	A/D	0.1/101.7	A/F	
Center Road	Stop	D	0.1/25.2	A/D	0.2/84.5	A/F	
Orange Boulevard	Signal	D	26.4	C	32.8	Ć	
Orange Boulevard @	•						
Wayside Drive	Stop	Е	7.6/11.9	A/B	8.0/13.5	A/B	

#### Notes:

As shown in **Table 3**, during the year 2013 a.m. and p.m. peak hour conditions, the following intersections along the project corridor were found to operate below (worse than) their adopted LOS standard:

- SR 46 at Wekiva Park Drive (stop controlled during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours)
- SR 46 at Yankee Lake Road (stop controlled during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours)
- SR 46 at Bella Foresta Place (stop controlled during the a.m. peak hour)
- SR 46 at Glade View Road (stop controlled during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours)
- SR 46 at Twelve Oaks Place (stop controlled during the p.m. peak hour)
- SR 46 at Orange Avenue (stop controlled during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours)
- SR 46 at Wayside Drive (stop controlled during the p.m. peak hour)
- SR 46 at Center Road (stop controlled during the p.m. peak hour)

<sup>1.</sup> HCM 2000-based outputs are presented for the unsignalized and signalized intersections.

<sup>2.</sup> In case of unsignalized intersections, worst-case results (delay and LOS) are reported for movements in both the major and minor approaches.

<sup>3.</sup> The adopted Seminole County LOS standard for the intersection of Orange Boulevard at Wayside Drive is "E".

The existing year 2013 a.m. and p.m. peak hour intersection capacity analysis along with the signal timing data used in the intersection analysis are included in **Appendix E**.

#### 3.4.2 Year 2013 Arterial LOS Analysis

FDOT has classified the study segment along SR 46 from east of Wekiva River Road to Orange Boulevard has been classified as a two lane undivided urban other principal arterial with LOS standard "D".

For the purpose of assessing the arterial LOS of this segment of SR 46, the generalized peak hour directional service volumes for the LOS letters "A" through "D" were obtained from Table 7 of the <u>2012</u> <u>FDOT Quality/Level of Service Handbook</u> and are shown below.

#### Urban Area Class I (40 mph or higher)

- ➤ LOS A 0 vehicles per hour (VPH)
- ➤ LOS B 0 VPH
- ➤ LOS C 830 VPH
- ➤ LOS D 880 VPH

Table 7 of the 2012 FDOT Quality/Level of Service Handbook is included in Appendix F.

As shown in **Table 4,** SR 46 corridor from east of Wekiva River Road to Orange Boulevard currently operates under unacceptable level of service conditions during the existing a.m. peak and p.m. peak hour conditions.

Table 4: Year 2013 Existing Arterial LOS Analysis Summary

Roadway Segment on SR 46	Area Type	FDOT Adopted LOS	Service Volume at LOS Std.	Peak Hour <sup>(1)</sup> Peak Direction Volume (VPH)	Arterial LOS
AM Peak Hour (Eastbound)					
Wekiva River Road to Lake Markham Road	Urban	D	880	1,172	F
Lake Markham Road to Orange Boulevard	Urban	D	880	1,073	F
PM Peak Hour (Westbound)					
Lake Markham Road to Orange Boulevard	Urban	D	880	1,158	F
Wekiva River Road to Lake Markham Road	Urban	D	880	1,242	F

#### Notes:

<sup>1.</sup> Peak Hour/Peak Direction Volumes were obtained from the balanced intersection turning movement volumes.

## 4 Development of Design Characteristics

The design traffic characteristics established in this section will be used in developing Design Hour Volumes (DHV) for the intersections and Directional Design Hour Volumes (DDHV) for the roadway segments for the future conditions. These characteristics are determined based on the procedure outlined in the <u>FDOT's</u> <u>Project Traffic Forecasting Handbook</u>, dated January 2012.

#### 4.1 Standard K Factor

The K factor represents the relationship between the travel demand occurring during the peak hour and the AADT. The ratio of peak hour to AADT factor (K) is used in the FDOT's planning through design phases. As indicated in the <u>Project Traffic Forecasting Handbook</u>, a Standard K Factor of 9.0% for Controlled Access facilities and arterials within "Other Urbanized Areas" is recommended for the SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor (including the frontage road) and the side streets that intersect the corridor.

#### 4.2 D Factor

The directional distribution factor, D is based on the median value of the directional factors for the highest 200 hours of each continuous count station. In determining this factor for SR 46 and the side streets that intersect the main roadway corridor, statewide and national guidelines were compared to the field collected project traffic counts and traffic information contained in the 2012 FTI DVD. The measured D for the study area roadways are shown in **Table 5**. The average of the measured D factors for SR 46 corridor within the study limits is 60.4%.

Table 5: YR 2013 Measured "D" Factors

Roadway / Seg	2013 Measured "D"	
Mainline Charact	eristics	
SR 46	East of Wekiva River	62.4% 59.6%
	West of Orange Boulevard East of Orange Boulevard	59.2%
	Average	60.4%
Side Street Chara	cteristics	_
Longwood- Markham Road	South of SR 46	64.1%
Lake Markham Road	South of SR 46	56.2%
	North of SR 46	57.3%
Orange Boulevard	South of SR 46	68.1%
Doolevala	South of Wayside Drive	59.1%
	Average	61.0%

The 2012 FTI DVD was used to obtain the historical D factors for five (5) years between 2008 and 2012 for the FDOT count location site #770074 (SR 46 east of Wekiva River). The historical counts and traffic data for FDOT count location site #770074 can be found in **Appendix D**. As seen in **Table 6**, the average, minimum, and maximum D factors over the five years for the count location site #770074 along the SR 46 corridor are 52.3%, 51.6% and 52.8%, respectively.

Table 6: SR 46 Historical FTI Data - D Values

Year	Site # 770074 (SR 46 – East the Wekiva River)
2008	52.75%
2009	51.56%
2010	51.95%
2011	52.60%
2012	52.80%
Average	52.33%
Minimum	51.56%
Maximum	52.80%

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Table 7 provides the recommended range of D values from the FDOT Project Traffic Forecasting Handbook and the HCM 2000 for urban arterials.

Table 7: Recommended Range of D Values

Values	Urban Arterial			
Values	FDOT <sup>1</sup>	HCM <sup>2</sup>		
Low	50.8%	52.0%		
Average	57.9%	54.5%		
High	67.1%	57.0%		

Notes:

1) Source: FDOT Project Traffic Forecasting Handbook, January 2012, Figure 2.9

2) Source: HCM 2000

#### 4.2.1 SR 429/ SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) Corridor

The average measured D from the 2013 traffic counts is 60.4%, while the average historical D obtained from the 2012 FTI DVD is 52.3%. Therefore, based on the comparison of average measured D andaverage historical D, a D factor of 56.4% (average of historical and measured values) is recommended for the SR 429/ SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor including the frontage road.

#### 4.2.2 **Side Streets**

For the purposes of this study, The D value for the side streets was determined based on the average of the measured D values for all the side streets intersecting the SR 46 corridor where tube counts were collected. Therefore, a D value of 61.0% is recommended for all side streets of the corridor.

#### T<sub>24</sub> & T<sub>f</sub> Factors

The daily truck factor, T24 represents the percentage composition of medium sized and heavy trucks occurring in the traffic stream for a 24-hour period. The peak hour truck factor, T<sub>f</sub>, is the percentage of truck traffic during the peak hour and is recommended as one-half of the T24 factor in the Project Traffic Forecasting Handbook. The truck factor for the daily condition will be used in determining Equivalent Single Axle Loadings (ESAL) for the project corridor.

#### 4.3.1 SR 429/ SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) Corridor

As mentioned earlier in the report, two (2) 48-hour vehicle classification volume counts were conducted along SR 46 within the project limits (east of Wekiva River Road and west of Orange Boulevard). As shown in **Table 8**, an average T<sub>24</sub> factor of 10.5% and an average T<sub>f</sub> factor of 7.7% were measured for the SR 46 corridor.

Table 8: YR 2013 SR 46 Measured "T24" and "Tf" Factors

Roadway / Segment	2013 Measured "T <sub>24</sub> "	2013 Measured "T <sub>f</sub> "
East of Wekiva River Road	10.4%	7.1%
West of Orange Boulevard	10.6%	8.3%
Average	10.5%	7.7%

**Table 9** contains the historical SR 46  $T_{24}$  factors, from the 2012 FTI DVD, for years 2008 through 2012 for the FDOT count site location within the corridor (site #770074).

Table 9: SR 46 Historical FTI Data - T24 Values

Year	Site # 770074 (SR 46 – East the Wekiva River)			
2008	11.50%			
2009	10.00%			
2010	8.80%			
2011	8.50%			
2012	7.30 %			
Average	9.22%			
Minimum	7.30%			
Maximum	11.50%			

The measured  $T_{24}$  from the 2013 traffic counts is 10.5%, while the average of the historical  $T_{24}$  factors is 9.2%. In order to be conservative, a  $T_{24}$  factor of 10.5% is recommended for the SR 429/ SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor including the frontage road. In addition, a  $T_f$  factor of 7.7% as measured in the field is recommended for the SR 429/ SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor including the frontage road.

#### 4.3.2 Side Streets

For the purpose of this study, truck factors were not measured along the side streets of the corridor. Therefore, a  $T_{24}$  factor of 2.0% and a  $T_{\rm f}$  factor of 1.0% are recommended for the side streets of the corridor.

#### 4.4 Recommended Design Traffic Characteristics

Based on the afore-mentioned discussions, **Table 10** provides a summary of the recommended design traffic characteristics for this study.

**Table 10: Recommended Design Traffic Characteristics** 

	Recommended Design Characteristics				
Roadway / Segment	Standard "K" Factor	"D" Factor	"T <sub>24</sub> " Factor	"T <sub>f</sub> " Factor	
Mainline Characteristics					
SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) and Frontage Road	9.0%	56.4%	10.5%	7.7%	
Side Street Characteristics					
Side Streets	9.0%	61.0%	2.0%	1.0%	

## 5 Development of Future Traffic Forecasts

The development of traffic projections for the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) study corridor requires the examination of historical growth, proposed development levels within the corridor vicinity, and a basic understanding of local traffic circulation patterns and travel characteristics of the corridor.

#### 5.1 Design Period

Based on the information provided by FDOT District Five, the following design periods were used to provide the future traffic forecasts and roadway, ramp, and intersection operation analyses for the study corridor.

- Opening Year 2020
- Mid-design Year 2030
- Design Year 2040

#### 5.2 Programmed and Planned Improvements

The following programmed / planned improvements are scheduled for the study area and were identified based on a review of the latest MetroPlan Orlando 2030 LRTP, Lake-Sumter MPO LRTP, and the FDOT Five Year Work Program FY 2014/2018. The programmed / planned improvement documentation can be found in **Appendix G**.

#### **5.2.1** Programmed Improvements

The following programmed improvements are scheduled for the study corridor and the intersecting corridors in the next five years, based on the FDOT Five Year Work Program FY 2014/FY 2018:

- > SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) from West of Old McDonald Road to East of Wekiva River Road (Financial ID # 238275-7): Funding for the construction of this segment as a four (4) lane, limited access expressway is programmed in FY 2017.
- SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) from East of Wekiva River Road to Orange Boulevard (Financial ID # 240200-2): Funding for the construction of this segment as a four (4) lane, limited access expressway is programmed in FY 2018.
- > SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) from Orange Boulevard to West of I-4 (Financial ID # 240200-4):
  Funding for the Right of Way Acquisition for the construction of a four (4) lane limited access expressway is programmed in FY 2015.

Chapter: Development of Future Traffic Forecasts SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM Financial Project ID: 240200-2

5.2.2 Planned Improvements

Based on a review of the latest adopted MetroPlan Orlando 2030 and Lake-Sumter MPO LRTPs, the following improvements are planned for the study corridor and the intersecting corridors by the year 2035.

> SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) from West of Old McDonald Road to East of Wekiva River Road:

The construction of this segment as a four (4) lane limited access expressway is a planned

improvement.

> SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) from East of Wekiva River Road to I-4: The construction of this

segment as a six (6) lane limited access expressway is a planned improvement.

5.3 Year 2040 Roadway Analysis Alternatives

The future traffic forecast volumes were determined for one (1) Build Alternative and it is described in the

following sections.

5.3.1 Build Alternative

For the purpose of this scenario, the Build traffic forecasts were developed for the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor from east of Wekiva River Road to Orange Boulevard as a six (6) lane divided controlled access tolled facility. In addition, this alternative includes a non-tolled, frontage road for local travel. It is to be noted that based on conversations with FDOT staff, this section of SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) is being designed as a six (6) lane limited access tolled expressway but will only be built initially

as a four (4) lane limited access tolled expressway (see Appendix A).

5.4 Future Travel Demand

The development of traffic forecasts for study corridors is not complete without a review of the historical traffic growth, population estimates along the corridor, and a review of the future year model forecasts. Due to the specific conditions associated with any roadway, it is necessary to utilize the various methods in projecting future traffic forecasts (such as trends analysis, population estimates and Travel Demand Models) for comparison purposes. The following sections discuss the various methodologies used in developing future travel demand in the study.

#### 5.4.1 Historical Traffic Growth

A trend analysis was performed for the FDOT count location site #770074 (SR 46 east of Wekiva River). Based on the historical data obtained from the count station, a future growth trend was established by a least square linear regression of the historic counts. As seen in **Table 11**, the trend analysis for the count station #770074 along SR 46 resulted in an annual growth rate of 3.3% with a trend R-squared value greater than 75%. The trend analysis sheets are provided as **Appendix H**.

Table 11: Trend Analysis Growth Rate

Location	2012 AADT	2040 AADT	R2 (%)	Annual Growth Rate (%)
Mainline (SR 46)				
East of Wekiva River	20,200	38,900	78.7%	3.3%

#### 5.4.2 Seminole County Population Projections

Population projection data obtained from the BEBR Bulletin 165 published by the University of Florida were used for comparison purposes. **Table 12** shows the year 2012 population data and the high and medium population estimates for the Year 2040 along with the corresponding growth rate.

**Table 12: Population Analysis** 

Seminole County	Population Analysis				
,	2012	2040	Growth		
Medium Population Estimate	428,104	540,300	0.9%		
High Population Estimate	428,104	653,700	1.9%		

As seen on **Table 12**, the medium and high population estimates obtained from BEBR reported an annual growth rate of 0.9% and 1.9% per year, respectively. The BEBR population projection data are included in **Appendix H**.

#### 5.4.3 Travel Demand Model

The modeling efforts were completed for the Build Alternative using the latest Central Florida Regional Planning Model, Version 5.0 (CFRPM V5.0). This model represents the latest adopted LRTP project lists in FDOT District Five including Orange, Seminole, Volusia, Lake, Brevard, Osceola, Marion, Flagler, and Sumter Counties. The latest adopted model has a 2005 base validated model and a 2035 Cost Feasible

Plan model. It is to be noted that the validated CFRPM model used for the <u>Final Design Traffic Technical Memorandum (DTTM)</u> for SR 46 Final Engineering Design Study from west of US 441 to east of Round <u>Lake Road (Financial Project Id # 238275-2/3)</u> prepared in November 2012 was used as the starting point for the modeling efforts of this study.

A model run was performed for the design year 2040 using the year 2040 socio economic (zonedata) extrapolated from the years 2005 (base year) and 2035 (adopted cost feasible year) zonedata. The population data obtained from the extrapolated year 2040 zonedata for Lake and Seminole Counties was checked for reasonableness against the medium population estimates for the year 2040 obtained from the BEBR Bulletin 265.

Table 13: Zonedata Population Check

County	Year 2040 BEBR Medium Population Estimates	Year 2040 CFRPM Population Data	Percent Difference
Lake	484,500	554,041	14.4%
Seminole	540,300	504,028	-6.7%
Total	1,024,800	1,058,069	3.2%

As seen in **Table 13**, the year 2040 population data from the CFRPM zonedata is approximately 3.2% higher than the year 2040 medium BBER population estimates.

It is to be noted that the year 2040 model run was performed using the 2035 CFRPM Cost Feasible network which includes the planned tolled SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) as well as all the planned improvements identified in Section 5.2.2.

Because of the unique circumstances of this project, including the demolition of SR 46 and its replacement with the planned SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) a different approach was undertaken to develop the travel demand model growth rates within the study area. This method involved conducting a model run for the year 2013 using the 2035 CFRPM Cost Feasible network (including all the planned improvements identified in Section 5.2.2) along with year 2013 zonedata interpolated from the years 2005 (base year) and 2015 (interim year) zonedata.

The year 2012 Model Output Conversion Factors (MOCF) for Lake and Seminole Counties were used to convert the Peak Season Weekday Average Daily Traffic (PSWADT) obtained from the 2013 and 2040 travel demand models to AADT. The years 2013 and 2040 CFRPM travel demand forecasts for the Build Alternative are summarized in **Table 14**. The CFRPM model plots are provided in **Appendix I**.

**Table 14: CFRPM Future Traffic Forecasts** 

	YR 2013	CFRPM	YR 2040 BUILD - CFRPM		YR 2013-2040
Roadway Segment	YR 2013 (PSWADT)	YR 2013 (AADT) <sup>1</sup>	YR 2040 (PSWADT)	YR 2040 (AADT) <sup>1</sup>	Annual Growth Rate
Mainline (SR 429)					
East of Wekiva River Road (2)	26,624	25,000	<i>77,</i> 592	73,000	7.1%
East of EB Off/WB On Slip Ramps	26,486	25,500	<i>77</i> ,100	<i>75,</i> 000	7.2%
East of EB On/WB Off Slip Ramps	29,841	29,000	84,854	82,500	6.8%
West of Orange Boulevard	17,275	1 <i>7,</i> 000	61,957	60,000	9.4%
Side Streets					
SR 429 Ramps					
EB Off/WB On Slip Ramps	138	150	491	500	8.6%
EB On/WB Off Slip Ramps	3,355	3,300	7,755	<i>7,</i> 500	4.7%
EE and FF Ramps	12,566	12,000	22,897	22,000	3.1%
Frontage Roads/SR 46		·		·	
East of Wekiva River Road (2)	8,391	7,900	15,374	14,500	3.1%
East of EB Off/WB On Slip Ramps	8,529	8,300	15,866	1 <i>5,</i> 500	3.2%
East of Longwood Markham Road	<i>7</i> ,813	<i>7,</i> 600	14,481	14,000	3.1%
East of EB On/WB Off Slip Ramps	4,458	4,300	6,727	6,500	1.9%
East of Lake Markham Road	5,902	5 <b>,</b> 700	8,238	8,000	1.5%
West of Orange Boulevard	1 <i>7,</i> 789	1 <i>7,</i> 500	30,402	29,500	2.5%
East of Orange Boulevard	22,128	21,500	29,950	29,000	1.3%
Longwood-Markham Road					
South of SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway)	<i>7</i> 16	700	1,336	1,300	3.2%
Lake Markham Road				-	
South of SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway)	2,089	2,000	2,362	2,300	0.6%
Orange Boulevard		J	I		
North of SR 46	<i>7</i> ,092	6,900	12,225	12,000	2.7%
South of SR 46	6,770	6,600	8,487	8,200	0.9%

#### Note:

- 1. PSWADT volumes from the model were multiplied by a Seminole County MOCF of 0.97 to derive the model AADT with the exception of the segments of SR 429 and the Frontage Road East of the Wekiva River Road.
- 2. PSWADT model volumes along the segments of SR 429 and the Frontage Road (East of Wekiva River Road) were converted to AADT using the Lake County MOCF of 0.94.

As seen in **Table 14**, the CFRPM model predicts that the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor would sustain an annual growth rates ranging from 6.8% to 9.4% from the year 2013 to the year 2040 under the Build Alternative.

#### Financial Project ID: 240200-2

#### 5.5 Recommended Future Traffic Forecasts

The growth rates obtained from the trend analysis, and the BEBR population growth rates were compared against the travel demand model future traffic forecasts for the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) including its frontage road and the side streets intersecting the corridor.

#### 5.5.1 SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway)

Based on the comparison of the three (3) methodologies examined, we recommend the use of the year 2040 future traffic projections obtained from the CFRPM model for the development of future traffic forecasts along the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor, including its frontage road, for the Build Alternative.

The use of the CFRPM model traffic projections to develop the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) traffic volumes for the Build Alternative is appropriate based on the fact that the CFRPM model is a district-wide model and includes the entire planned SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor. This is a critical consideration when developing the future traffic volume forecasts since the planned SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor is coded in the CFRPM 2035 cost feasible network as a tolled facility and is anticipated to serve as major route connecting the Lake, Seminole and Orange Counties.

In addition, the traffic forecasts from the year 2040 CFRPM were checked against the future traffic forecasts obtained from the Wekiva Parkway/SR 46 Realignment PD&E Study Final Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) prepared on December 2011 which were developed using the Year 2025 Orlando Urban Area Transportation Study (OUATS) Model.

Table 15: Future Traffic Forecasts Reasonableness Check

Roadway Segment	YR 2040 CFRPM AADT	YR 2032 AADT (Wekiva Parkway PER)			
SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway)					
East of Wekiva River Road	73,000	71,600			
West of Orange Boulevard	60,000	62,400			
Service Road					
East of Wekiva River Road	14,500	16,400			
Frontage Road/SR 46					
West of Orange Boulevard	29,500	31,500			

As seen in Table 15, the future traffic projections obtained from the 2040 CFRPM are very close to the projections obtained from the Wekiva Parkway PER.

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Based on the above mentioned facts, the use of the year 2040 CFRPM traffic projections are recommended in the development of future traffic forecasts along the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor including its frontage road for the opening year 2020, mid-design year 2030, and design year 2040 traffic volumes under the Build Alternative.

#### 5.5.2 Side Streets

The year 2040 CFRPM traffic projections are recommended in the development of future traffic forecasts for Orange Boulevard (north and south of SR 46) for the opening year 2020, mid-design year 2030, and design year 2040 traffic volumes for the Build Alternative.

Furthermore, we recommend growing the existing year 2013 AADT volumes along the remaining side streets using the historical annual growth rate of 3.3% (obtained from FDOT count location site #770074) to develop the opening year 2020, mid-design year 2030, and design year 2040 Build Alternative future traffic forecasts. It is to be noted that for the purpose of this study a 2013 AADT of 100 was assumed for side streets exhibiting year 2013 AADTs lower than 100 vehicles in order to be conservative.

#### 5.6 Build Future AADT Volumes

The design year 2040 daily traffic volumes for the Build Alternative were derived using the recommended methodologies included in Section 5.5. In addition, the opening year 2020 and mid-design year 2030 traffic volumes were derived using interpolation of traffic volumes between 2013 and 2040. It is to be noted that the future AADTs along the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) and the ramps to the frontage road were balanced. The future year AADT volumes for the Build Alternative are summarized in **Table 16** and shown in **Figures 6-1** through **6-3**.

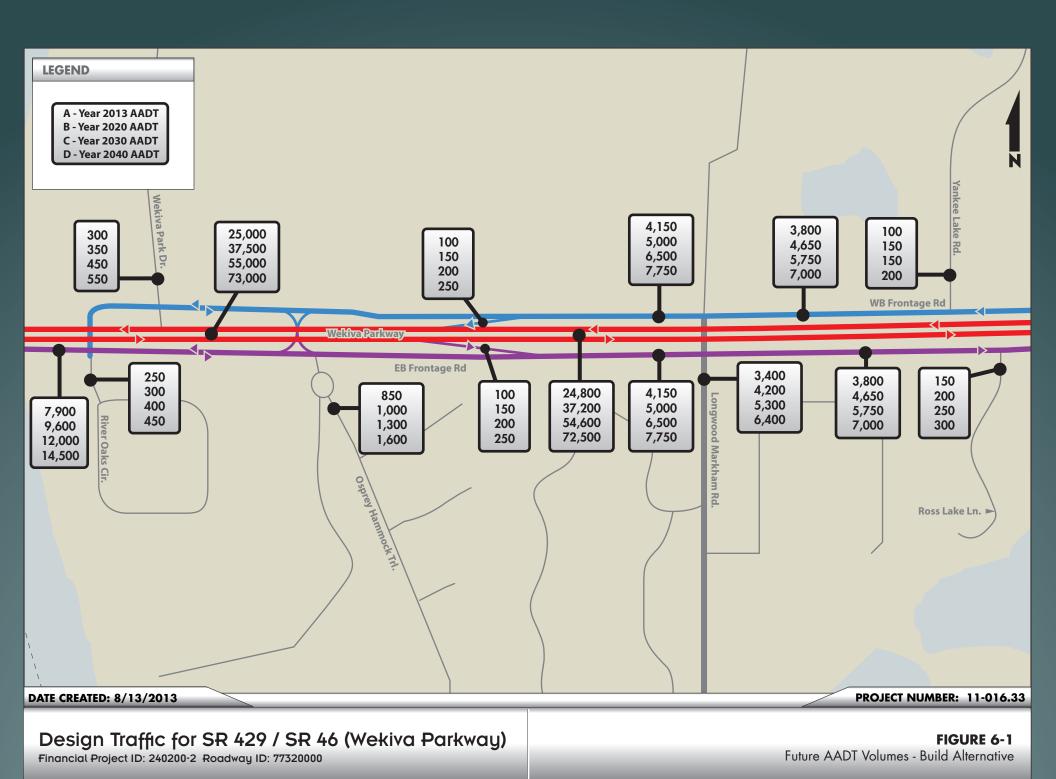
### Table 16 SR 429 / SR 46 Design Traffic Technical Memorandum

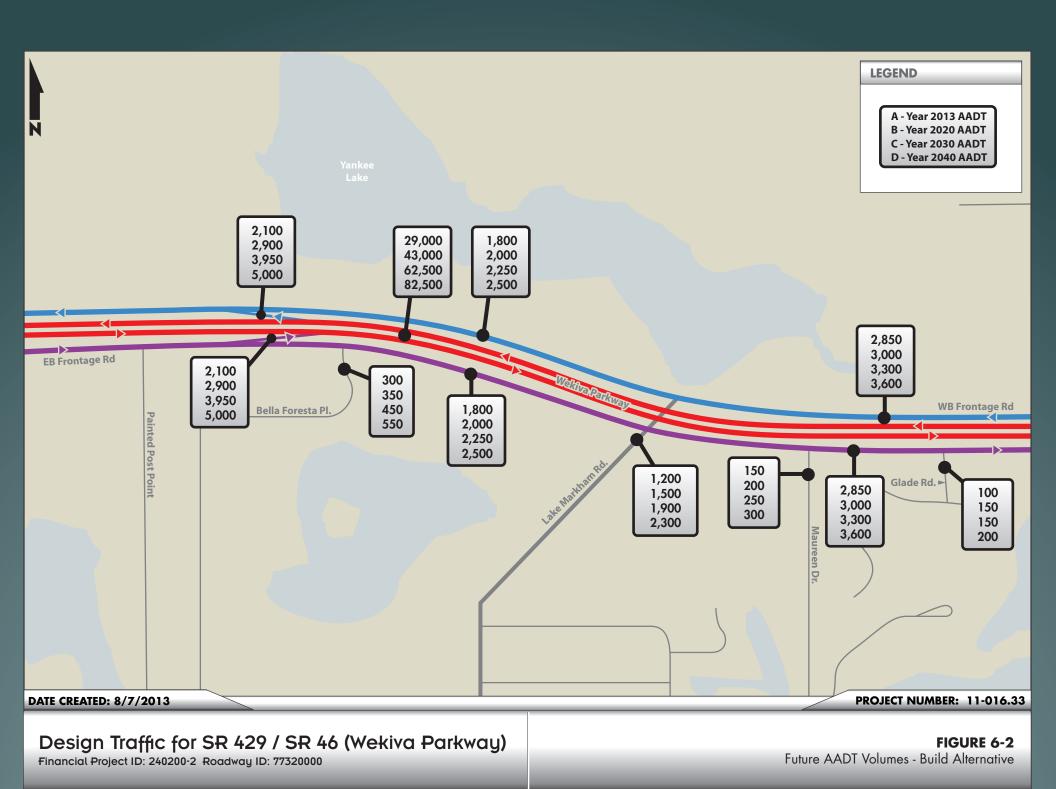
**Build Alternative Future AADT Volumes** 

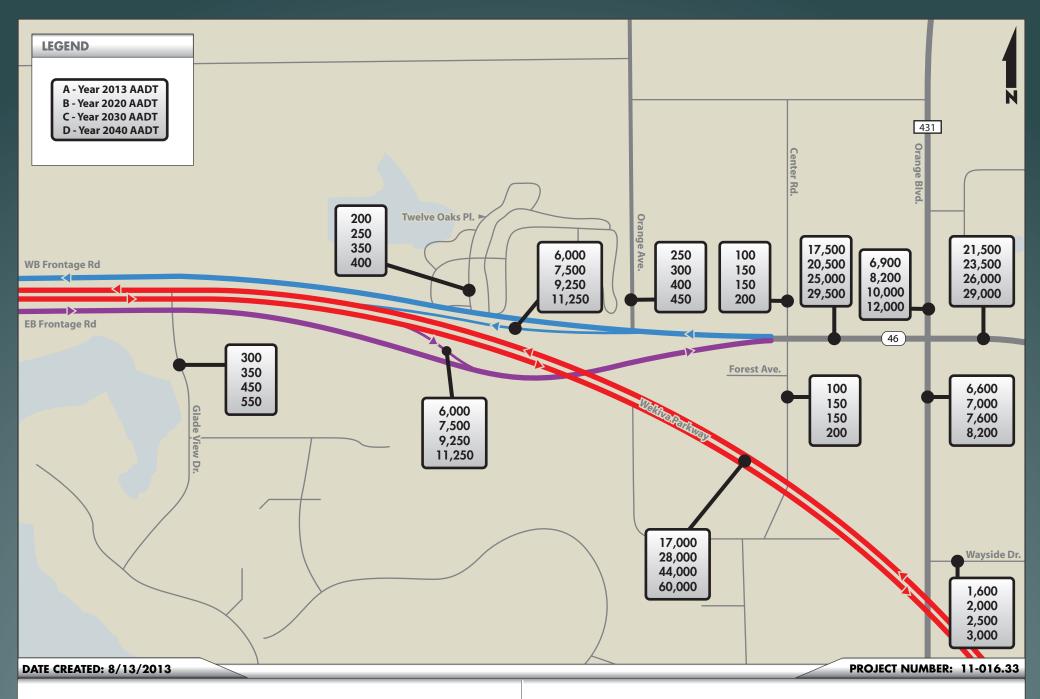
	D	Build Alternative					
Roadway Segment	Recommended Growth Source	YR 2013 YR 2020 AADT AADT		YR 2030 AADT	YR 2040 AADT		
Mainline (SR 429)							
East of Wekiva River Road	CFRPM	25,000	37,500	55,000	73,000		
East of EB Off/WB On Slip Ramps	CFRPM	24,800	37,200	54,600	72,500		
East of EB On/WB Off Slip Ramps	CFRPM	29,000	43,000	62,500	82,500		
West of Orange Boulevard	CFRPM	17,000	28,000	44,000	60,000		
Side Streets							
SR 429 Ramps							
EB Off/WB On Slip Ramps	CFRPM	200	300	400	500		
EB On/WB Off Slip Ramps	CFRPM	4,200	5,800	7,900	10,000		
EE and FF Ramps	CFRPM	12,000	15,000	18,500	22,500		
Service/Frontage Roads	<b>3.</b>	/					
East of Wekiva River Road	CFRPM	7,900	9,600	12,000	14,500		
East of EB Off/WB On Slip Ramps	CFRPM	8,300	10,000	13,000	15,500		
East of Longwood Markham Road	CFRPM	7,600	9,300	11,500	14,000		
East of EB On/WB Off Slip Ramps	CFRPM	7,600 3,600	4,000	4,500	5,000		
,		•	•	•			
East of Lake Markham Road	CFRPM	5,600	6,000	6,600	7,200		
West of Orange Boulevard	CFRPM	17,500	20,500	25,000	29,500		
East of Orange Boulevard	CFRPM	21,500	23,500	26,000	29,000		
Orange Boulevard							
North of SR 46	CFRPM	6,900	8,200	10,000	12,000		
South of SR 46	CFRPM	6,600	7,000	7,600	8,200		
River Oak Circle							
South of Service Road 1	Historical Growth Rate	250	300	400	450		
Wekiva Park Drive							
North of Service Road 1	Historical Growth Rate	300	350	450	550		
Osprey Hammock Trail							
South of EB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	850	1,000	1,300	1,600		
Longwood-Markham Road			·	·	·		
South of EB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	3,400	4,200	5,300	6,400		
Yankee Lake Road		57.00	.,	- 7	.,		
North of WB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	100	150	150	200		
Ross Lake Lane	Thistorical Growin Raid	100	130	100	200		
South of EB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	150	200	250	300		
Bella Foresta Place	This officer Offiwin Rule	130	200	230	300		
South of EB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	300	250	450	550		
Lake Markham Road	Thistorical Growin Rate	300	350	450	330		
	Historical Growth Rate	1 200	1 500	1.000	2 200		
South of EB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	1,200	1,500	1,900	2,300		
Maureen Drive				0-0			
South of EB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	150	200	250	300		
Glade Road					- ند ند		
South of EB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	100	150	150	200		
Glade View Drive							
South of EB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	300	350	450	550		
Twelve Oaks Place							
North of WB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	200	250	350	400		
Orange Avenue							
North of WB Frontage Road	Historical Growth Rate	250	300	400	450		
Wayside Drive							
East of Orange Boulevard	Historical Growth Rate	1,600	2,000	2,500	3,000		
Center Road		•		•	•		
North of SR 46	Historical Growth Rate	100	150	150	200		
South of SR 46	Historical Growth Rate	100	150	150	200		

Note:

<sup>1.</sup> AADTs along the SR 429 and its ramps to the frontage road have been balanced for the Build Alternative Conditions.







Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

**FIGURE 6-3**Future AADT Volumes - Build Alternative

Chapter: Development of Future Traffic Forecasts SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway) DTTM

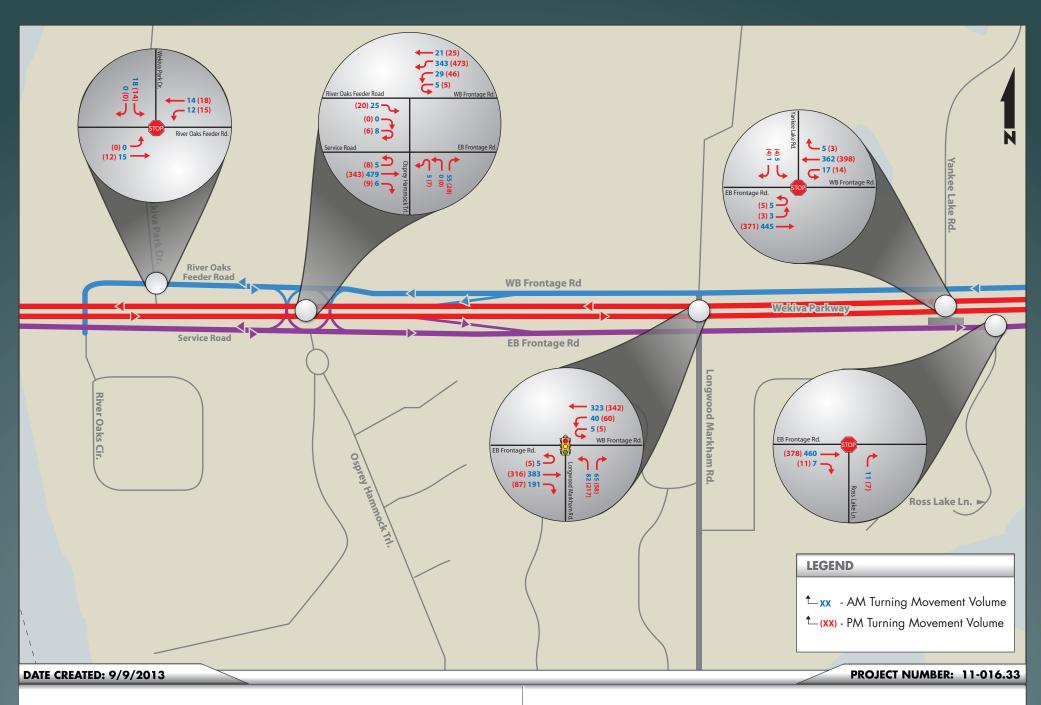
Financial Project ID: 240200-2

#### 5.7 Intersection Design Hour Volumes

The year 2013 and future year AADTs for the Build Alternative along with the recommended traffic characteristics were used to develop the design hour volumes (DHVs) for both the a.m. and p.m. design hours at the intersections for the opening, mid-design, and design years.

The DHVs for the intersections were developed using the TURNS5 spreadsheet, which balances AADTs and calculates DHVs based on Standard K and D factors used as input into the program. The estimated design hour volumes for the a.m. and p.m. design hours from TURNS5 spreadsheet were assessed and adjusted for reasonableness. These adjustments are necessary because accepting an estimated volume that is unrealistically large may lead to over design and accepting an estimated volume that is too small may result in an inadequate design. The adjustments that were made are reported in the TURNS5 output sheets included in **Appendix J**.

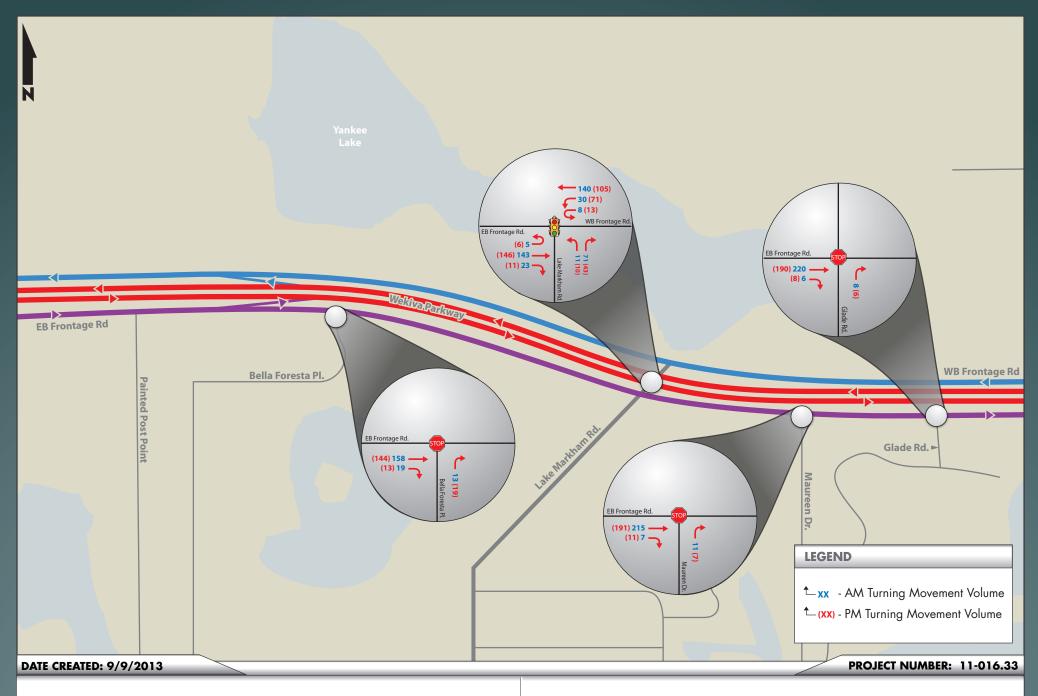
The future year a.m. and p.m. design hour turning movement volumes for the Build Alternative are shown in Figures 7, 8, and 9 for years 2020, 2030 and 2040, respectively.



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

#### FIGURE 7-1

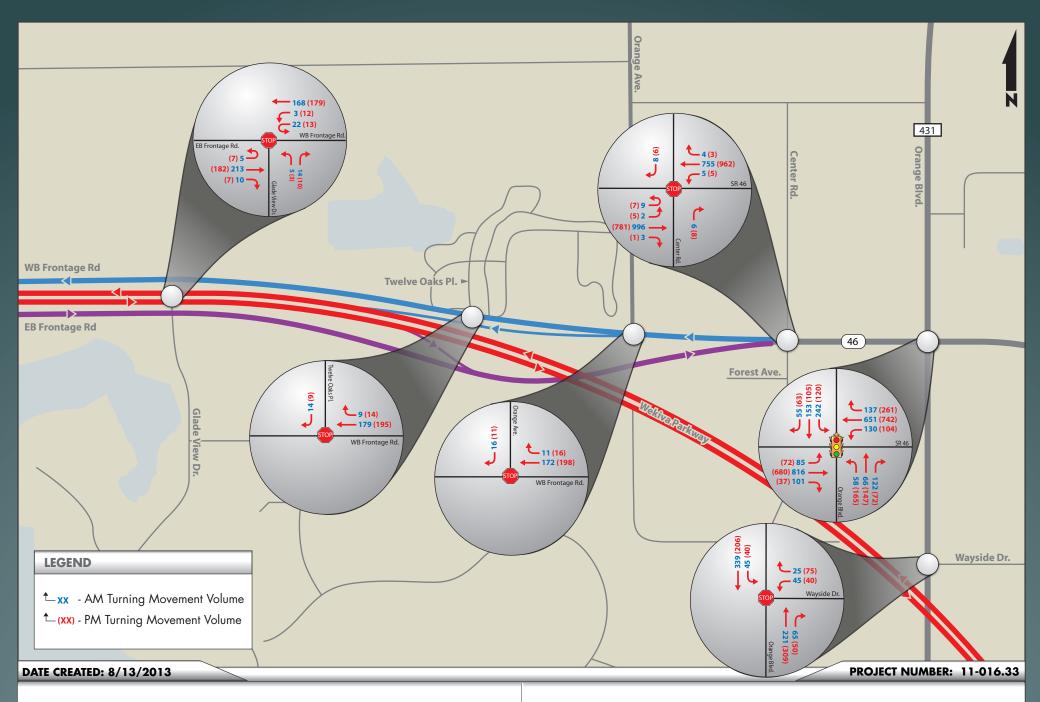
Year 2020 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes
Build Alternative



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

#### FIGURE 7-2

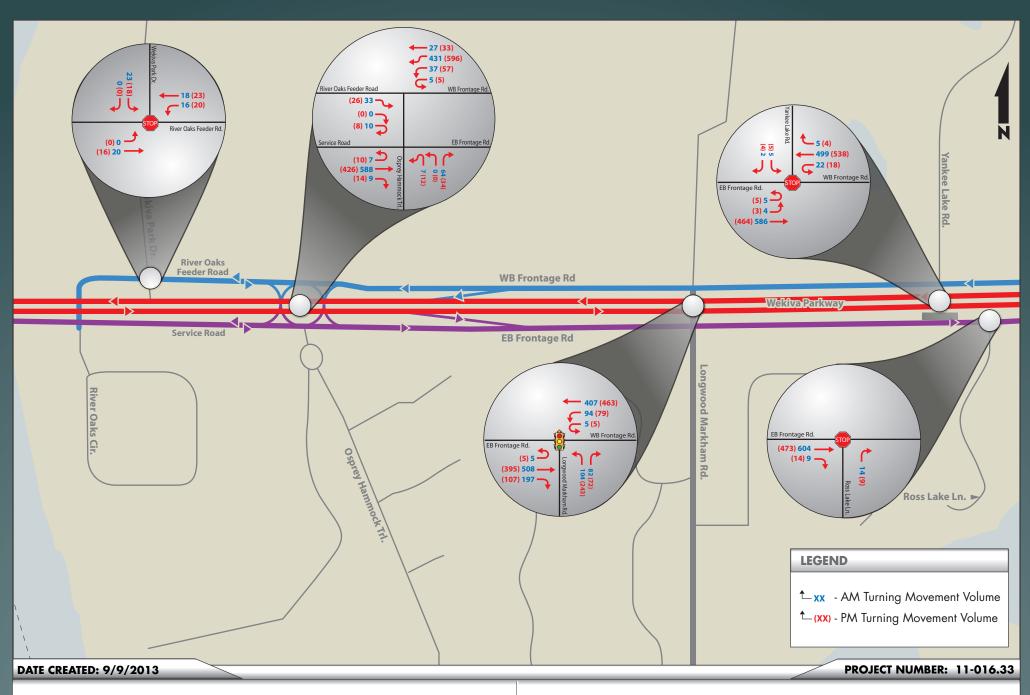
Year 2020 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes Build Alternative



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE 7-3

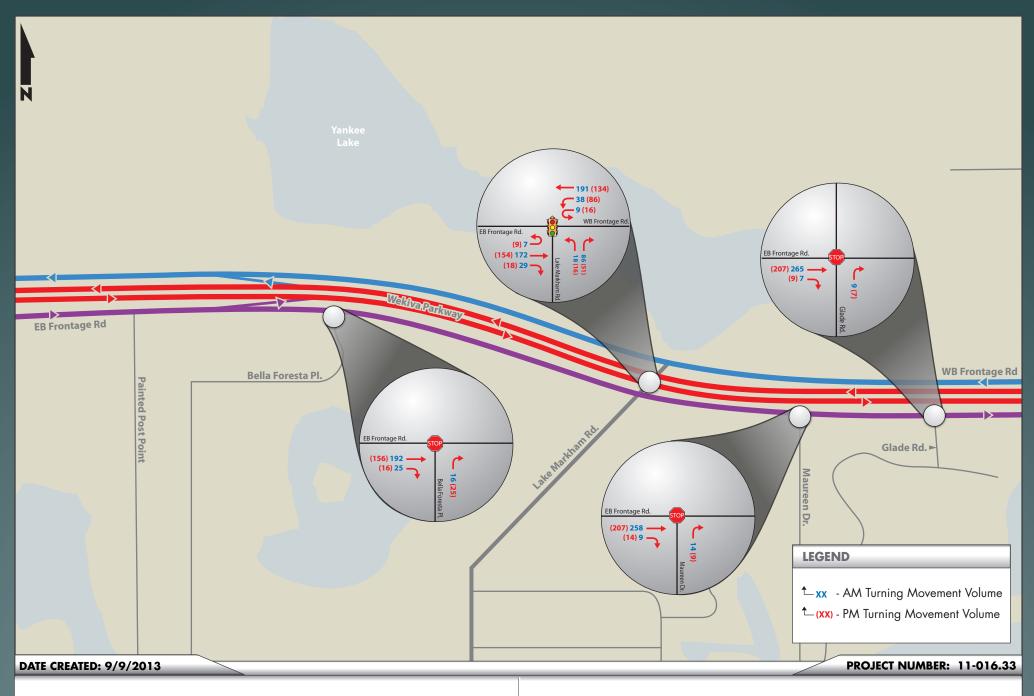
Year 2020 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes Build Alternative



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

#### FIGURE 8-1

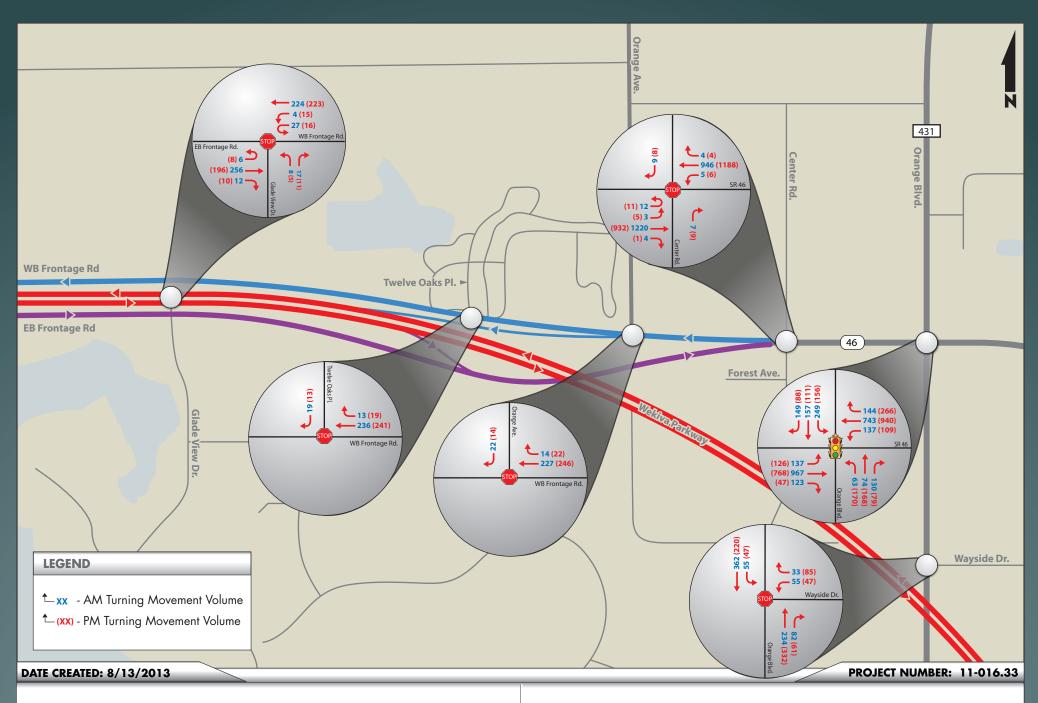
Year 2030 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes Build Alternative



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

#### FIGURE 8-2

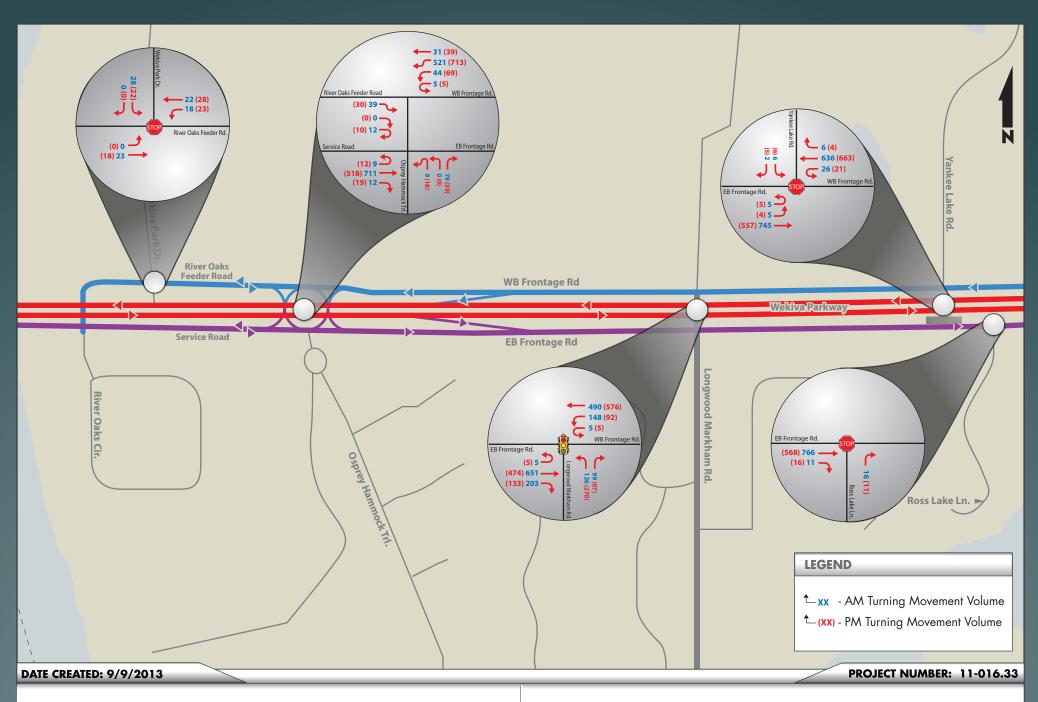
Year 2030 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes Build Alternative



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE 8-3

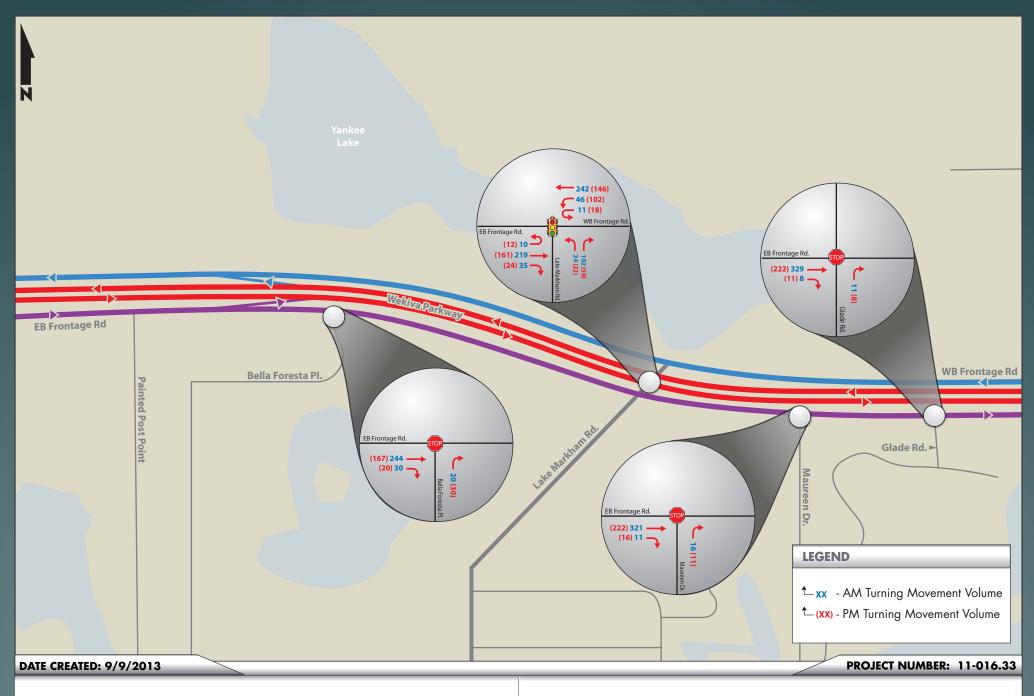
Year 2030 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes Build Alternative



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

#### FIGURE 9-1

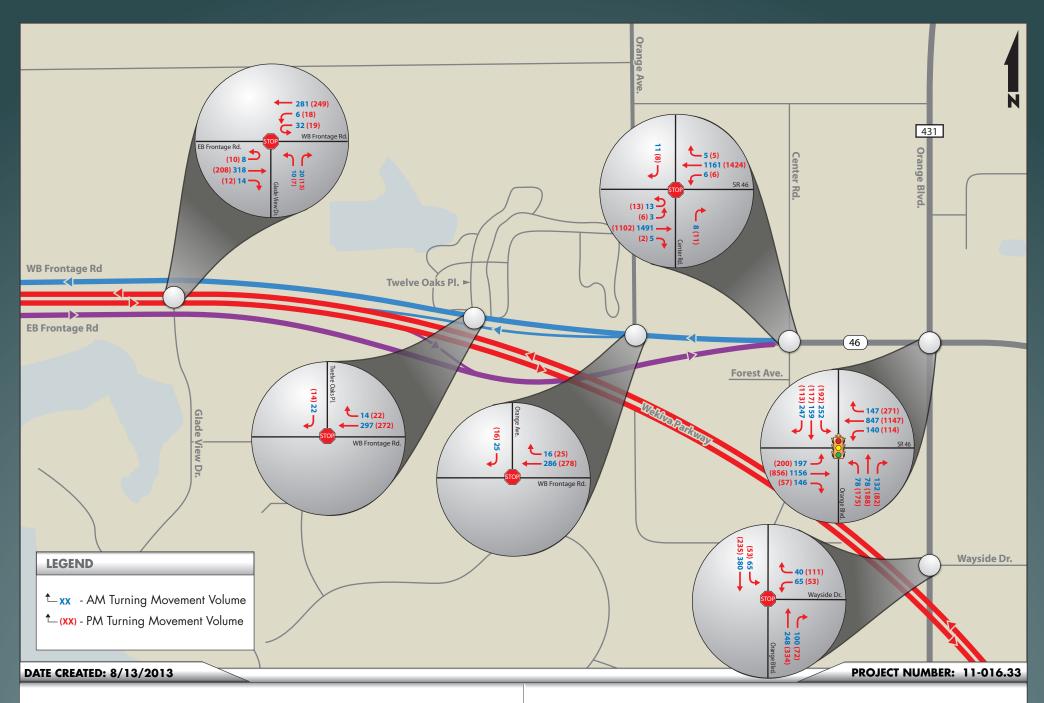
Year 2040 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes Build Alternative



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

#### FIGURE 9-2

Year 2040 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes Build Alternative



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

FIGURE 9-3

Year 2040 Design Hour Turning Movement Volumes
Build Alternative

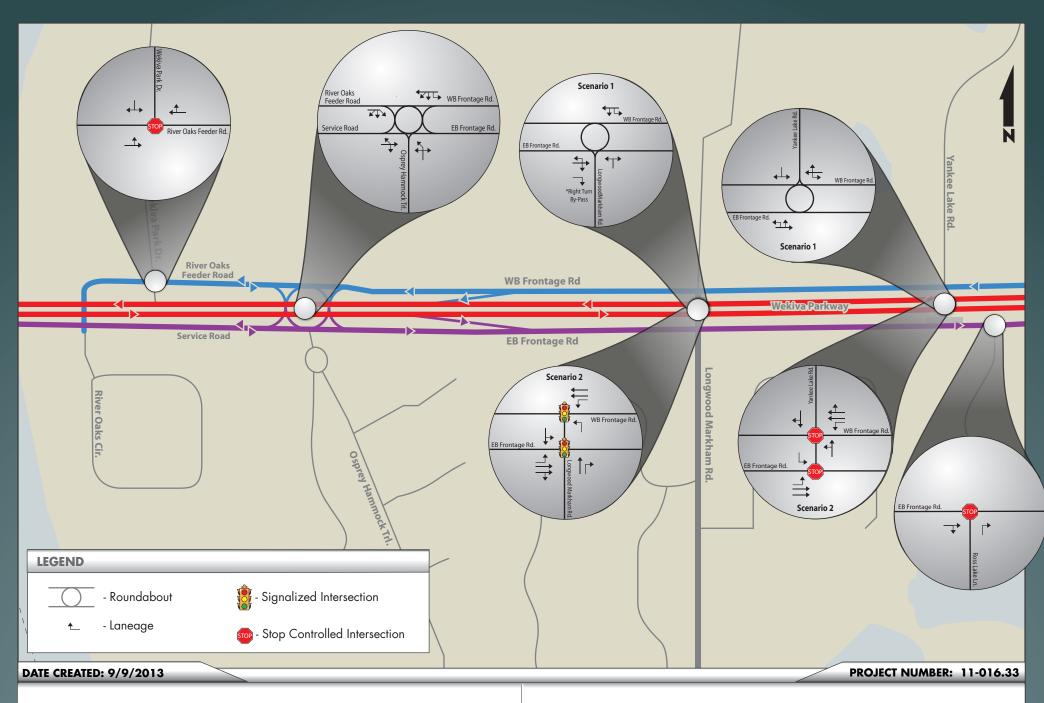
# 6 Future Build Alternative Operational Analysis

This section presents the results of the LOS operational analysis for the Build Alternative. The Build Alternative was designed to examine traffic operations of the new four (4) lane divided controlled access/tolled SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) and its two (2) lane frontage road. Specific analysis techniques utilized in the study include signalized and unsignalized intersections, roundabouts, ramps, freeway, and arterial analyses. The outputs of Synchro 7 were presented as results for the intersection LOS analysis. Since Synchro calculates arterial LOS only between signalized intersections, the DDHVs along the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) were analyzed using the latest HCS 2010<sup>TM</sup> Freeway Software (version 6.5) and the DDHVs for the frontage roads were compared against the latest Generalized Peak Hour Directional Service Volumes (dated December 18, 2012) from 2012 FDOT Quality/Level of Service Handbook to obtain the arterial LOS. The merge/diverge analyses for the six (6) ramps along the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway), Section 7A, were performed using the HCS 2010<sup>TM</sup> Ramp Software (version 6.5). In addition, roundabouts along the frontage road were analyzed using the HCS 2010<sup>TM</sup> Roundabout Software (version 6.5).

#### 6.1 Build Alternative Geometry

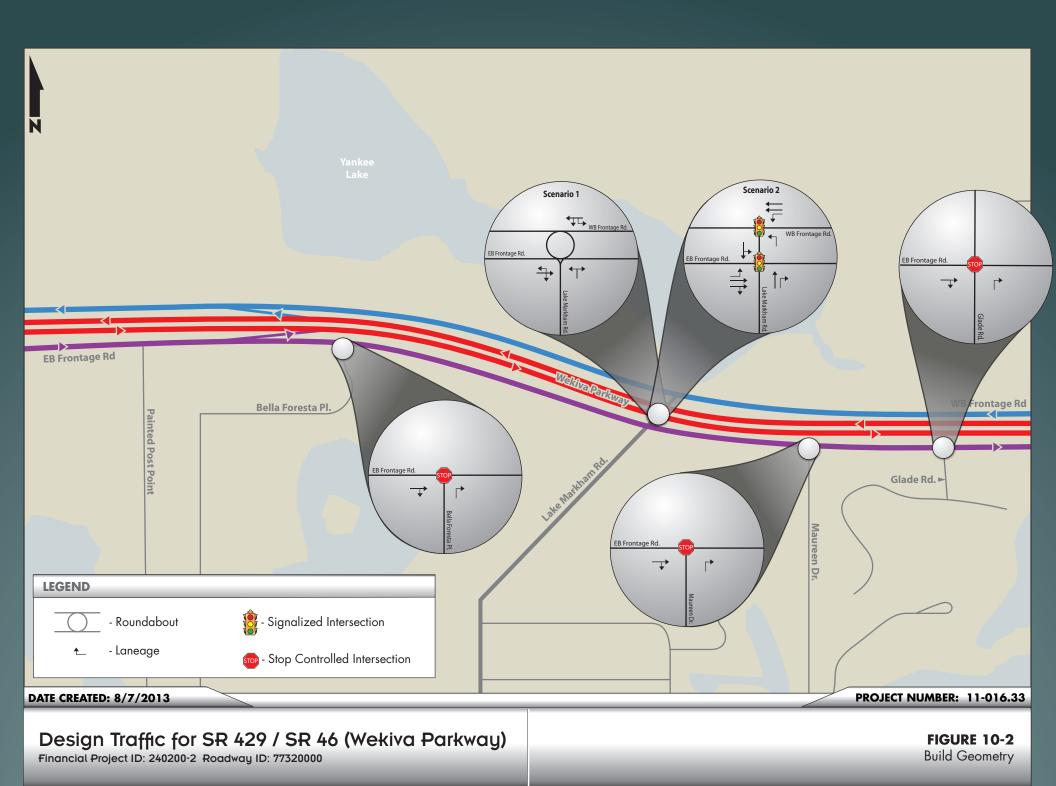
The proposed build geometry for the SR 429 (Wekiva Parkway) corridor includes the construction of a new four (4) lane divided limited access toll road facility generally following the existing SR 46 alignment. The project will also include designing a two (2)-lane non-tolled, service/frontage road for local travel, slip ramps to enter and exit the Wekiva Parkway, and several bridges over side streets (see Appendix A).

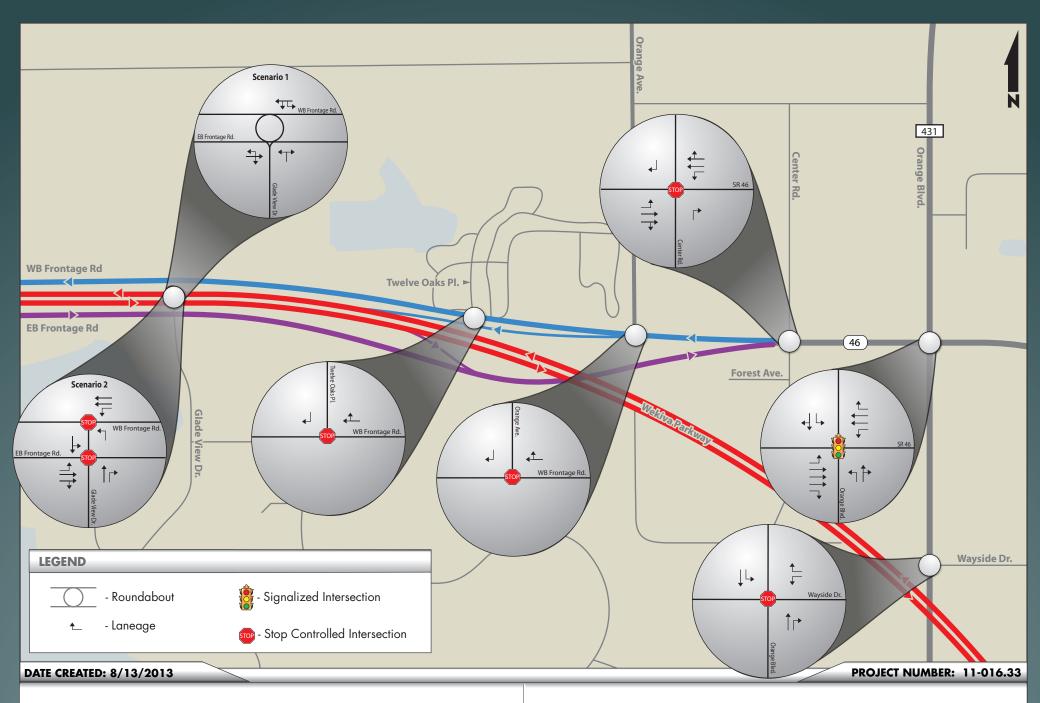
Per the request of FDOT staff and the design team, the Frontage Road was analyzed under two (2) scenarios. For the first scenario, the Frontage Road was analyzed as a two (2)-lane road (one lane on each direction) with roundabouts at the intersections of Osprey Hammock Trail, Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road. The second scenario was similar to the first scenario. However, for this second scenario, the intersections of the Frontage Road at Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road were analyzed as "T intersections" with two (2) through lanes along the eastbound and westbound approaches of the intersections (four lanes total along the Frontage Road through the intersections). The Build Alternative Geometry can be seen in Figures 10-1 through 10-3.



Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

**FIGURE 10-1**Build Geometry





Financial Project ID: 240200-2 Roadway ID: 77320000

**FIGURE 10-3**Build Geometry

Financial Project ID: 240200-2

## 6.2 Intersection Operational Analysis – Build Alternative

Intersection operational analyses were performed for the opening, mid-design and design years for two (2) scenarios of the Build Alternative (for the a.m. and p.m. design hours). The two (2) scenarios of the Build Alternative are described in detail in the following sub-sections.

#### 6.2.1 Build Alternative - Scenario 1

For the purpose of the Build Alternative – Scenario 1, the Frontage Road was analyzed as a two (2)-lane road (one lane on each direction) with roundabouts at the intersections of Osprey Hammock Trail, Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road. The results of the Build Alternative – Scenario 1 intersection analysis are summarized in **Table 17**.

As shown in **Table 17**, under the Build Alternative – Scenario 1, all the intersections are projected to operate at an acceptable LOS during the opening year 2020, mid-design year 2030, and design year 2040 a.m. and p.m. design hour traffic conditions. The Synchro Intersection analysis and HCS Roundabout analysis outputs for the Build Alternative – Scenario 1 can be found in **Appendix K**.

#### 6.2.2 Build Alternative - Scenario 2

Build Alternative – Scenario 2 was similar to the Build Alternative – Scenario 1. However, for the second scenario, the intersections of the Frontage Road at Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road were analyzed as "T intersections" with two (2) lanes through the intersection along the eastbound and westbound approaches of the Frontage Road (four lanes total along the Frontage Road through the intersections). The results of the Build Alternative – Scenario 2 intersection analysis are summarized in **Table 18**.

As shown in **Table 18**, under the Build Alternative – Scenario 2, the intersections of the Frontage Road at Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road are projected to operate at an acceptable LOS during the opening year 2020, mid-design year 2030, and design year 2040 a.m. and p.m. design hour traffic conditions. The Synchro Intersection analysis outputs for the Build Alternative – Scenario 2 can be found in **Appendix K**.

Table 17
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Future Intersection LOS Summary - Build Alternative (Scenario 1)

Study Intersection	Traffic Control	FDOT Adopted LOS	YR 2020		YR 2030		YR 2040	
			Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS
AM Peak Hour							<u>'</u>	
River Oaks Feeder Road @ Wekiva Park Drive	Stop	D	0.0/8.8	A/A	0.0/8.8	A/A	0.0/8.9	A/A
Frontage Road @ Osprey Hammock Trail/River Oaks Feeder Road	Roundabout	D	8.94	Α	11.60	В	16.69	С
Frontage Road @ Longwood-Markham Road	Roundabout	D	7.68	Α	10.76	В	17.50	С
Frontage Road @ Yankee Lake Road	Roundabout	D	8.30	Α	11.14	В	16.70	С
EB Frontage Road @ Ross Lake Lane	Stop	D	0.0/11.3	A/B	0.0/12.8	A/B	0.0/14.9	A/B
EB Frontage Road @ Bella Foresta Road	Stop	D	0.0/9.2	A/A	0.0/9.4	A/A	0.0/9.8	A/A
Frontage Road @ Lake Markham Road	Roundabout	D	5.13	Α	5.71	Α	6.49	Α
EB Frontrage Road @ Maureen Drive	Stop	D	0.0/9.5	A/A	0.0/9.8	A/A	0.0/10.3	A/B
EB Frontage Road @ Glade Road	Stop	D	0.0/9.5	A/A	0.0/9.8	A/A	0.0/10.3	A/B
Frontage Road @ Glade View Road	Roundabout	D	5.53	Α	6.16	Α	7.03	Α
WB Frontage Road @ Twelve Oaks Place	Stop	D	0.0/9.3	A/A	0.0/9.7	A/A	0.0/10.1	A/B
WB Frontage Road @ Orange Avenue	Stop	D	0.0/9.3	A/A	0.0/9.7	A/A	0.0/10.1	A/B
SR 46 @ Center Road	Stop	D	10.5/12.3	B/B	11.7/13.8	В/В	13.7/16.0	B/C
SR 46 @ Orange Boulevard	Signal	D	32.0	С	34.7	С	41.5	D
Orange Boulevard @ Wayside Drive	Stop	Е	8.0/13.2	A/B	8.1/14.1	A/B	8.2/15.2	A/C
PM Peak Hour								
River Oaks Feeder Road @ Wekiva Park Drive	Stop	D	0.0/8.7	A/A	0.0/8.8	A/A	0.0/8.9	A/A
Frontage Road @ Osprey Hammock Trail/River Oaks Feeder Road	Roundabout	D	9.40	Α	12.81	В	19.33	С
Frontage Road @ Longwood-Markham Road	Roundabout	D	9.20	Α	13.13	В	21.99	С
Frontage Road @ Yankee Lake Road	Roundabout	D	7.86	Α	10.29	В	13.10	В
EB Frontage Road @ Ross Lake Lane	Stop	D	0.0/10.6	A/B	0.0/11.4	A/B	0.0/12.4	A/B
EB Frontage Road @ Bella Foresta Road	Stop	D	0.0/9.1	A/A	0.0/9.2	A/A	0.0/9.4	A/A
Frontage Road @ Lake Markham Road	Roundabout	D	5.28	Α	5.72	Α	6.08	Α
EB Frontrage Road @ Maureen Drive	Stop	D	0.0/9.3	A/A	0.0/9.5	A/A	0.0/9.6	A/A
EB Frontage Road @ Glade Road	Stop	D	0.0/9.3	A/A	0.0/9.4	A/A	0.0/9.5	A/A
Frontage Road @ Glade View Road	Roundabout	D	5.40	Α	5.81	Α	6.13	Α
WB Frontage Road @ Twelve Oaks Place	Stop	D	0.0/9.4	A/A	0.0/9.7	A/A	0.0/9.9	A/A
WB Frontage Road @ Orange Avenue	Stop	D	0.0/9.4	A/A	0.0/9.8	A/A	0.0/10.0	A/B
SR 46 @ Center Road	Stop	D	9.6/11.2	A/B	10.3/12.0	B/B	11.3/13.0	B/B
SR 46 @ Orange Boulevard	Signal	D	32.7	C	35.9	D	47.7	D
Orange Boulevard @ Wayside Drive	Stop	Е	8.1/11.9	A/B	8.3/12.5	A/B	8.3/12.8	A/B

Notes:

<sup>1.</sup> HCM 2000-based outputs are presented for the unsignalized and signalized intersections.

<sup>1.</sup> HCM 2010-based outputs are presented for the roundabout intersections.

<sup>3.</sup> For unsignalized intersections, worst-case results (delay and LOS) are reported for movements in both the major and minor approaches.

Table 18
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Future Intersection LOS Summary - Build Alternative (Scenario 2)

Study Intersection	Traffic Control	FDOT Adopted LOS	YR 2020		YR 2030		YR 2040	
			Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS
AM Peak Hour								
WB Frontage Road @ Longwood-Markham Road	Signal	D	12.5	В	15.1	В	1 <i>7</i> .6	В
EB Frontage Road @ Longwood-Markham Road	Signal	D	15.8	В	18.2	В	20.5	С
WB Frontage Road @ Yankee Lake Road	Stop	D	7.2/11.6	A/B	7.2/12.6	A/B	7.2/14.4	A/B
EB Frontage Road @ Yankee Lake Road	Stop	D	7.2/10.2	A/B	7.2/10.9	A/B	7.2/11.8	A/B
WB Frontage Road @ Lake Markham Road	Signal	D	13.3	В	13.5	В	13.8	В
EB Frontage Road @ Lake Markham Road	Signal	D	16.4	В	21.2	С	22.9	С
WB Frontage Road @ Glade View Road	Stop	D	7.2/9.4	A/A	7.3/9.7	A/A	7.3/10.1	A/B
EB Frontage Road @ Glade View Road	Stop	D	7.2/9.7	A/A	7.2/10.1	A/B	7.2/10.6	A/B
PM Peak Hour								
WB Frontage Road @ Longwood-Markham Road (Scenario 2)	Signal	D	15.5	В	17.6	В	1 <i>7</i> .9	В
EB Frontage Road @ Longwood-Markham Road (Scenario 2)	Signal	D	23.0	С	23.8	С	24.6	С
WB Frontage Road @ Yankee Lake Road (Scenario 2)	Stop	D	7.2/11.1	A/B	7.2/12.3	A/B	7.2/13.8	A/B
EB Frontage Road @ Yankee Lake Road (Scenario 2)	Stop	D	7.2/9.9	A/A	7.2/10.3	A/B	7.2/10.7	A/B
WB Frontage Road @ Lake Markham Road (Scenario 2)	Signal	D	20.1	С	20.6	С	20.9	С
EB Frontage Road @ Lake Markham Road (Scenario 2)	Signal	D	13.6	В	14.2	В	21.5	В
WB Frontage Road @ Glade View Road (Scenario 2)	Stop	D	7.2/9.4	A/A	7.3/9.7	A/A	7.3/10.0	A/A
EB Frontage Road @ Glade View Road (Scenario 2)	Stop	D	7.2/10.0	A/A	7.2/10.1	A/B	7.2/10.3	A/B

#### Notes

<sup>1.</sup> HCM 2000-based outputs are presented for the unsignalized and signalized intersections.

<sup>2.</sup> For unsignalized intersections, worst-case results (delay and LOS) are reported for movements in both the major and minor approaches.

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#### 6.2.3 Recommended Build Alternative Scenario

Based on this analysis, it was concluded that the intersections of the Frontage Road at Longwood-Markham Road, Yankee Lake Road, Lake Markham Road, and Glade View Road are anticipated to generate similar delays under both the Build Alternative Scenarios though the design year 2040.

It is important to note that roundabouts eliminate unsafe left turns across opposing traffic lanes and virtually eliminate high-speed right-angle and head-on crashes and therefore are safer than traditional signalized and stop-controlled intersections. In addition, roundabouts often have lower operating and maintenance costs than signalized intersections. They can have ongoing costs for lighting and maintaining the landscaping, but unlike a signalized intersection, there is no signal equipment to install, power, and maintain. Roundabouts have longer service lives than traditional intersections resulting in better economic value over the long term, especially when you factor in the reduction of fatal and injury crashes. Therefore, we recommend Scenario 1 as the preferred scenario for the SR 429/SR 46 (Wekiva Parkway – Section 7A) Build Alternative.